# Oberlin Municipal Court OBERLIN, OHIO

## **ANNUAL REPORT**



(For the period January 1, 2024 through December 31, 2024)

## **Selected Quotes**

"To us this may be just another day at the office. For the participants it is perhaps the single most important event in their life. Endeavor to treat every case with the utmost care and attention whether a simple traffic violation or a serious allegation of wrongdoing, whether a small claim or a claim for the maximum monetary jurisdiction of this Court."

Thomas A. Januzzi, Judge Oberlin Municipal Court

"This is not any angry Place. We are not angry with you and you should not be angry with us. Please treat the staff with respect. They are just nice people doing their job."

Thomas A. Januzzi, Judge Oberlin



Thomas A. Januzzi, Judge Oberlin Municipal Court

"If there are pieces of your past that are weighing you down, it's time to leave them behind. You are not what has happened to you. You are someone unimaginably greater than you have ever considered, and maybe it's time to consider all the possibilities that are within you."

"This is your moment. The moment when you realize that despite anything that has happened in your life up to now, and regardless of anything that you have done in the past, what matters most is what you do next."

Matthew Kelley

"There is no right way to do something wrong"

Anonymous

"What is right is not always easy and what is easy is hardly ever right, but the right choice today will improve your life tomorrow. Take control of your life. Choose wisely."

Michael Josephson

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## 2025 OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT PERSONNEL

#### **FULL TIME**

Name Position
Thomas A. Januzzi Judge

Lindsey Mahar Judicial/Legal Assistant

Sandra L. Kohart Clerk of Court

Diana Bizorik Chief Deputy Clerk – Civil & Jury Commissioner

Gina Holt Deputy Clerk
Sandra Wolff Deputy Clerk
McKenzie Vrooman Deputy Clerk
Angela Grove Deputy Clerk

Joseph Davidson Chief Bailiff/Chief Security Officer

William Varner Deputy Bailiff/Health and Safety Assistant

Michael Jankowski Court Operations Assistant

#### **PART TIME**

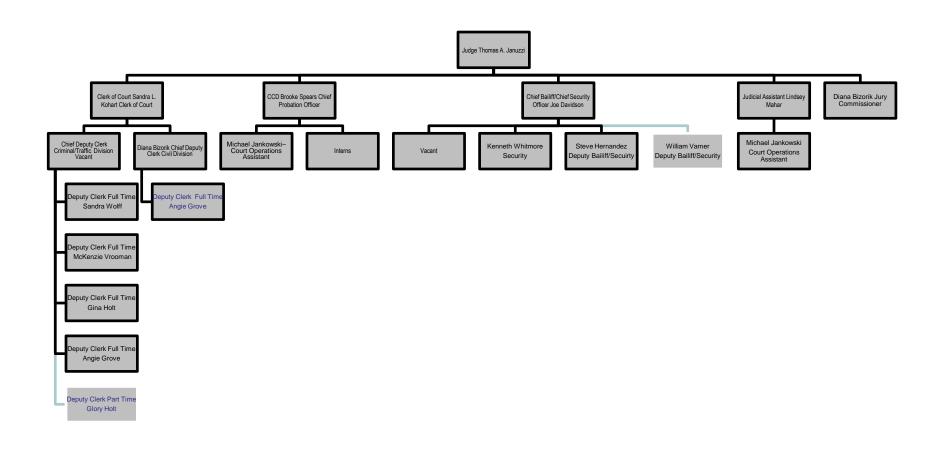
Name Position

Steven Hernandez Deputy Bailiff/Security Kenneth Whitmore Deputy Bailiff/Security

Glory Holt Deputy Clerk – Criminal & Traffic

Brooke Spears Chief Probation Officer

## Oberlin Municipal Court Organizational Chart 2024



#### **JUDGE'S COMMENTS - 2024**

## **Preface**

This will be the last Annual Report that I will submit. On February 22, 2023 an announcement was made that I would not be seeking a 5<sup>th</sup> term. I have been an attorney since 1982, spent approximately 20 years in private practice and in 2001 was elected Judge of the Oberlin Municipal Court. December 31, 2024 will be the end of the 4<sup>th</sup> term or 24 years as Judge of the Oberlin Municipal Court. Although eligible to run for one more term, after prayerful consideration we have chosen not to seek a 5<sup>th</sup> term.

If elected for a 5<sup>th</sup> term I would be 75 years old at the end of the term. At this stage of life it would not be fair to the community or to our family to make another six year commitment. We have been blessed with fifteen grandchildren. The oldest is 15 and the youngest was born this past March. My mother is 95 years old and is presently in an assisted living facility.

I am thankful for being blessed with this opportunity that was given me. I have enjoyed the experience but look forward to the next chapter in our lives. In addition to spending more time with my good wife and our family present plans are to remain active in state wide judicial committees, continue teaching for the Ohio Judicial College, being available to sit by assignment of the Ohio Supreme Court for judges in need of respite or conflict of interest and remaining active in church and community. And, if time permits, to write a book or books including my experience as a municipal court judge and a children's book or two. And of course, looking after my Grandfather's fig tree.

Thank you to all who have supported us throughout these 24 years. Words cannot express our gratitude and appreciation. We are blessed beyond all measure.

Tom Januzzi

## **Comments**

This report contains information required by law to be reported to Oberlin City Council and to the Lorain County Commissioners. The report also contains additional information that may be of interest to the general public.

The court was established in 1958. The court has jurisdiction in the following territories located in Lorain County, Ohio: City of Amherst, City of Oberlin, Village of Wellington, Village of South Amherst, Village of Kipton, Village of Rochester and the Townships of Amherst, Brighton, Camden, Henrietta, Huntington, New Russia, Penfield, Pittsfield, Rochester and Wellington.

The court was a part-time court until 1990 when the court became a full time court. There have been 3 Judges of the Oberlin Municipal Court. Judge David

Goldthorpe served from 1958 to 1975. Judge Martin Heberling served from 1975 to 2001. Judge Thomas Januzzi has served since January 1, 2002 to present.

The court had a part-time Magistrate to hear Small Claim cases for approximately 14 years until 2004. The Magistrate was phased out and eliminated in 2005. Prior to 2002 the part time Magistrate worked ½ day per week and was compensated the sum of \$24,000.00. The duties of the Magistrate position consisted mainly of hearing small claims cases. Immediately upon taking office in 2002 a decision was made to cut the Magistrate's salary in half to \$12,000.00 per year. Effective January 2004 the position of Magistrate was totally eliminated.

The Judge has assumed all duties of the Magistrate. Pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code 40% of the Magistrate's position was paid by the County. The County realized an immediate savings of \$4,800.00 per year for calendar years 2002-2004 (\$14,400.00) and a savings of \$9,600.00 per year for the calendar years 2005-2024 for a total savings of \$216,000.00 since January 2002 [not including any increase in the Magistrate's salary]. The City has not had a Magistrate expense for the past 24 years (\$14,400.00 per year for twenty-one years or \$302,400.00) and \$7,200.00 per year for 3 years (\$21,600.00) for a total of \$324,000.00. The savings to County and City since 2002 is over \$643,680.00- [\$540,000.00 plus approximately \$103,680.00 in payroll expenses (PERS 14%, BWC .037, Medicare .015)]. If cost of living wages were calculated into the formula the savings would be close to three quarters of a million dollars. In addition to the savings to the City and County we have been able to use special projects funds, funded by court costs, during the past 20 plus years of over 1.7 million dollars including almost 1 million dollars for upgrading and maintenance of technology.

The City of Amherst, Village of Wellington, Village of South Amherst and Village of Kipton have also benefitted directly from the elimination of the Magistrate expense and special projects funds as this is a savings for their percentage of the cost apportionment. These cities and villages in the territory share in the cost of the operation of the court. The Finance Directors of the cities and villages by statute are to meet twice per year to determine the cost apportionment. These subdivisions share in a portion of the cost of the operation of the court based on the percentage of cases filed in the court that arose in their respective jurisdictions.

The court operated without a probation department [community control department] during the first 43 years. A part-time probation officer was hired in 2002 and since then the department has gone through some changes. Beginning in 2009 there were 3 full time probation officers. Beginning January 1, 2012 the department was reduced to 2 full time probation officers in part due to budget cuts. The court presently has two probation officers, the Chief probation officer and one assistant. The Chief probation officer was recently made a part-time position. The assistant probation officer serves in a dual capacity with the title Court Operations Assistant, and also has other duties including assisting and backing up the Judicial Assistant.

The court has jurisdiction of civil cases that do not exceed claims in excess of \$15,000.00. Small Claims jurisdiction is cases that do not exceed claims in excess of \$6,000.00.

The court has jurisdiction over misdemeanor cases from filing to conclusion. The court has jurisdiction over felony cases for purposes of affording an accused a hearing to determine if probable cause exists that a felony was committed and that the accused committed the felony. In cases where probable cause is established by the state the case is bound over [transferred] to the felony court – Lorain County Court of Common Pleas for consideration by the Grand Jury. At times there are felony cases that are charged as a felony by law enforcement and the Prosecutor changes the charge to a misdemeanor and will not prosecute the felony charge(s). The case is then finished at the Municipal Court as a misdemeanor even though the person was initially charged with a felony offense.

The Clerk of Court is appointed by the Judge. In Courts with territorial population of less than 100,000 [with a few statutory exceptions, e.g. City of Lorain] the law provides that the Clerk is appointed by the Judge. The Clerk of Court is Sandra L. Kohart. Sandra was elevated to Clerk from Deputy Clerk when the former Clerk retired. Unlike an elected Clerk whose salary is set by statute [an elected Clerk receives 90% of the salary of the Judge of the Court], the Clerk's salary is set by the Judge except in years when the court's expenditures exceed revenue City Council must approve the salary of the Clerk for the ensuing year. While an elected Clerk is paid over \$100,000.00 per year² the Clerk of the Oberlin Municipal Court presently is paid approximately \$84,000.00 per year.

## **Summary of Caseload**

Criminal, OVI and Traffic caseloads have trended to historically low numbers over the past 5 years. On the other hand civil case loads have significantly increased since the end of the pandemic.

## Criminal Caseload - 2024

When growing up our family had a shoe store. One of the goals was to make people happy and satisfied so that we would have return business or repeat customers. In this "business" of justice our goal is also to make people happy and satisfied but that we do not have return business or repeaters promoting better decision making and encouraging good habits and changes in patterns of behavior to help persons appearing before the court to become a better or in some cases the best version of themselves.

After dropping to the lowest level in [at least] 40 years in 2022 to 418, after a previous low of only 444 in 2021, criminal case filings increased in 2023 to 545. The 545 filings still represents a 67 % reduction from peak filings in 2004 of

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<sup>1</sup> RC 1901.31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The law provides that in cases of most elected Clerk's of Court that the Clerk receives and amount equal to 85% of the salary of the Judge of the Court.

1,653. This past year the downward trend resumed with only 488 criminal filings. Felonies dropped from 119 to 97. Misdemeanors dropped from 427 to 391.

All agencies, with the exception of the City of Amherst, experienced a dramatic drop in cases. Criminal cases, with the exception of the City of Amherst, dropped from 445 to 238, a reduction of 47%. Amherst criminal cases on the other hand increased from 220 to 250, an increase of 14%. The vast majority of cases from the City of Amherst were in the area between Cooper Foster Park Road and State Route 2. The two motels off of the State Route 58 exit on State Route 2 and the businesses in the surrounding area account for the vast majority of crime in the City of Amherst. Most of the rest of the cases resulted from alcohol related offenses committed by bar patrons in the downtown area. Most of these offenders do not live in the City of Amherst. For the most part crime is not committed by the good residents of the City of Amherst but by visitors from the neighboring communities.

At this year's end the court had only 6 cases over the recommended time requirements according to guidelines under the Ohio Supreme Court Rules of Superintendence.<sup>3</sup> This represents 99.22% compliance with the Supreme Court Rules of Superintendence. At the end of 2001 there were 1920 cases pending in the court according to the case management system records. Prior to 2002 the Supreme Court reports were not completed correctly and it is difficult to tell how many cases were over time and in violation of the Supreme Court Rules of Superintendence. As of December 31, 2024 there were only 762 cases pending.

Criminal and traffic cases can be placed into two categories, low maintenance or high maintenance. An example of a low maintenance case is a speeding ticket in which the person charged with the offense has little or no contact with the court. The person is given a speeding ticket and told the amount of a waiver and that the waiver can be mailed to the court. The person mails the waiver to the court. A clerk receipts the waiver and has no personal contact with the offender. Very few additional resources of staff and time are needed to handle a modest increase in these low maintenance cases. The waiver amount includes basic court costs which are similar to the court cost of a high maintenance case. An example of a high maintenance case is an OVI case. Functions performed by the staff and appearances by the offender include:

1. Initial appearance at arraignment – Clerk inputs a not guilty plea; case is scheduled for a pretrial; bond issues are discussed in open court; if a person is a repeat or habitual offender the community control department may request pre-conviction conditions of bond and the person will meet with a probation officer; Clerk inputs the bond entry; if the person cannot afford counsel a discussion is had on the record regarding their qualification for court appointed counsel and if the judge pre-qualifies them in the courtroom

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> There are two reports to the Supreme Court of Ohio, an administrative report and an individual Judge report. Of the 4,827 cases filed and/or reactivated there were ZERO cases over the Supreme Court guidelines on the administrative report and only 6 cases over on the individual report.

- the person then fills out a form required to be completed on a form provided by the Ohio Public Defender's office to confirm their qualification for court appointed counsel.
- 2. In most OVI cases a person receives an administrative license suspension<sup>4</sup> and will apply for limited driving privileges. The person must file a petition the petition is received by the Clerk and entered into the docket. The petition is then presented to the Judge who reviews the petition. If the privileges are granted a staff member then types a limited driving privilege order. Depending on the number of prior offenses the privileges may require either special license plates and/or ignition interlock. If either of these is required additional forms must be processed. If ignition interlock is ordered then the Community Control Department must be involved to monitor the connection of the ignition interlock and whether there are any violations. The clerk must enter the limited driving privilege order in the docket.
- 3. In cases where a person is charged with a multiple OVI offense the vehicle is typically seized by law enforcement. The person may petition the court to release the vehicle from the impound lot. The petition must be docketed by the Clerk. The petition or request is reviewed by the Judge. Many times, because the person does not have valid driving privileges the vehicle will be permitted to be released but only subject to immobilization. Immobilization consists of having the vehicle towed to a residence and placing a disabling club on the steering wheel to ensure compliance with the court order of immobilization. The entry of immobilization is completed by the Judge. The entry must be docketed by a Clerk. A court bailiff effectuates the clubbing of the vehicle and documents the immobilization in a file opened by the bailiff. At the conclusion of the case - if the person is convicted of the charge that requires immobilization – then the club is removed from the vehicle which is monitored by the bailiff. A form is required to be sent to the Bureau of Motor Vehicles (BMV). This form is completed by the bailiff and sent to the BMV.
- 4. Court hearings for OVI typically include at least 3 and sometimes 5 or 6. Rarely, is an OVI completed at the first hearing. At arraignment the case is set for an initial pretrial. If the person has an attorney at the first pretrial, the attorney meets with the Prosecutor and exchanges information in a process called discovery. The attorney obtains specific information regarding the case from the Prosecutor (e.g. police report, witness statements, breath reading and calibration reports). At the conclusion of the first pretrial, if all information requested by the defense attorney has been provided the defense attorney is then given the opportunity to file motions. Typically, a motion to

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The law provides that if a person is charged with OVI and they either test over the legal limit or refuse to submit to an alcohol test that their operator's license is immediately suspended. The person is permitted to apply for limited driving privileges after a waiting period of 15, 30, 45, 90 or 180 days or 1 year depending on whether the person has any prior offenses.

suppress evidence seized as a result of an alleged improper stop, detention, arrest or failure to follow proper procedure to obtain an alcohol sample is filed. If additional information is requested (e.g. sometimes there is a video of the stop or the booking room etc.) then the case is scheduled for another pretrial to allow the Prosecutor time to obtain or the defense attorney time to retrieve the additional information. Once the motion is filed it is either scheduled immediately for a hearing or the issues raised in the motion are discussed at the next pretrial. If after the pretrial(s) the case has not been resolved then an evidentiary hearing is held so that the judge can decided the disputed issues in the motion. Motion hearings usually last between ½ hour and 2 hours depending on the complexity of the issues. Motion hearings have been scheduled as early as 7:30 A.M. and during the lunch hour during heavy volume periods. After the hearing, the matter is typically submitted for ruling – sometimes to allow the parties to supplement or submit written arguments regarding the issues at the hearing. After the Judge rules on the motion a final pretrial is scheduled to see if the case can be resolved before a trial. If the case is not resolved the case proceeds to trial.

- 5. Once the case is resolved the law requires that the plea be made in open court and that a Judge have a meaningful dialogue with the accused to make sure the person understands the plea and the consequences of having the plea on his/her record. The Judge's explanation includes the consequences of subsequent convictions and the effect of the various pleas that can be made. An entry is typed by the Judge or the Judge's staff along with a waiver of rights form and a dialogue form. Once the plea is completed the person is escorted to the Clerk's office to calculate the financial obligations owed and then escorted to the Community Control Department to discuss what obligations the person has with regard to programs, assessments and/or probation depending on the orders of the court. Persons charged with repeat offenses are mandated by law to obtain an assessment and follow through with the Community Control Department with treatment and/or programs.
- 6. If there was not a pre-conviction immobilization on certain repeat OVI offenses there is either a mandatory immobilization period or a forfeiture of the vehicle if titled in the name of the offender at the time of the offense. A mandatory immobilization must be effectuated by the bailiff with similar steps as the pre-conviction immobilization. If there is the possibility of forfeiture then a separate hearing must be scheduled. With a mandatory immobilization the law now provides that if a household or family member relies on the vehicle subject to immobilization, that the household or family member may petition the court for a waiver of the immobilization. If the person files a petition another hearing is scheduled on that request.
- 7. The Community Control Department then follows the person through their treatment course and/or required programming and also monitors the persons' compliance with probation and monitors them for repeat offenses.

If there is a violation, then proceedings are initiated for the alleged violation. If the person does not pay their fine and costs at the time of the plea then the Community Control Department monitors compliance.

Another example of a high maintenance case includes domestic violence cases. In many domestic violence cases the person is held – by law – without bond until the person is brought before a Judge. In a great percentage of cases there is a request made for a protection order (an order prohibiting the accused from having contact with the alleged victim and/or family members of the alleged victim.) Before the issuance of a Protection Order information from the Prosecutor and sometimes the Community Control Department and from other sources is required to be reviewed by the Judge and/or a hearing is held to determine whether to issue a protection order. This information and hearing typically takes a minimum of 15 minutes up to 45 minutes. If an order is issued there are several forms that need to be prepared by the court and processed. The Clerk must docket the information and notify law enforcement of the issuance of the order. Rarely, is a domestic violence case completed until at least 2-4 additional hearings are held. Other examples of high maintenance cases are felony cases and charges of driving under suspension and related charges that have a possible jail sentence as a consequence.

## **Traffic [excluding OVI]**

Included in this category are speeding offenses and other minor misdemeanor offenses such as assured clear distance ahead, stop sign, red light, improper turn signal, and equipment violations such as a missing or burned out license plate light. Also included in this category are crimes involving operating a motor vehicle without a valid license, with no license or while under suspension.

Traffic cases filed in 2023 were the lowest since computerized records have been kept or 3,125. The numbers continued to decline. This past year only 2,485 traffic cases were filed in the jurisdiction, another record low.

## **Felony Cases**

Felony filings: 97 felony filings were made in 2018, the lowest number of felony filings since at least 1991 when computerized records began. In 2019 the filings dropped again to only 75 and in 2020 another drop to only 67 felony filings. 2021 saw yet another drop to only 60 felony cases filed, then a new historic low and then in 2022 felony filings again fell to the now new historic low of 57. Last year was the first increase in felony cases since 2018 with 119 felony cases filed. This year the number dropped back to 97. Hopefully, the downward trend will resume. 55 or 57% of the felony cases occurred in the City of Amherst.

Felony cases can either be initiated in a Municipal Court or the Common Pleas Court. Felony cases filed in the Common Pleas Court are typically a result of an indictment issued by the county grand jury and are not included in this number.

Also not included are filings against juveniles. Cases initiated in the Municipal Court are usually a result of a person being charged and/or arrested at or near the time of the alleged incident. When a person is arrested the person is entitled to a speedy hearing<sup>5</sup> to determine if there is probable cause that a felony has been committed and probable cause that the person accused committed the felony. If probable cause is found the case is "bound over" (transferred) to the Lorain County Court of Common Pleas Grand Jury for consideration of whether an indictment will be issued.

Felony offenses can include OVI<sup>6</sup> offenses, repeat Domestic Violence offenses and repeat violations of a Protection Order. With regard to felony OVI the law provides that a person who has three prior OVI offenses within the past 10 years or 5 prior OVI offenses within the past 20 years who is again charged with OVI can be charged with a felony offense. The possible penalties for a felony OVI include a maximum fine of \$10,500.00, 5 years in prison, possible lifetime suspension of driving privileges and a forfeiture of the vehicle driven if registered in the offender's name.

With regard to felony Domestic Violence a person charged with causing or attempting to cause actual physical harm to a household or family member with one prior conviction for Domestic Violence or other predicate offense is charged as a 4<sup>th</sup> degree felony [up to a \$5,000.00 fine and 18 months in prison] and a person charged with causing actual physical harm to a household or family member with two or more prior convictions for Domestic Violence is charged with a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree felony [up to a \$10,000.00 fine and 5 years in prison]. A person with no prior Domestic Violence history can be charged with a 5<sup>th</sup> degree felony if accused of causing or attempting to cause physical harm to a family or household member who is pregnant. Also, if a person has a prior conviction of certain other crimes, involving a household or family member, subsequent charges can also be charged as a felony. These crimes include: Negligent Assault, Criminal Damaging, Criminal Mischief and Child Endangering.

There are other offenses that escalate to a felony from a misdemeanor on a repeat offense including Violation of a Protection Order.

#### **OVI Cases**

OVI filings: Last year OVI filings increased for the first time in 5 years, notwithstanding had it not been for the historically low filings in 2022, the filings in 2023 would have represented the lowest number of OVI filings since computerized records began in 1991.

This past year there was a slight increase over the 5 year average for the past 5 years. The 5 year average over the past 5 years is 143. Of note, of the 158 OVI filings only 9 of the persons charged with OVI had previously appeared in the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Within 10 days if incarcerated and within 15 days if not incarcerated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> OVI stands for Operating a Vehicle while under the Influence of Alcohol or Drugs of Abuse or a combination of them. The terminology has changed over the years. The offense is still commonly referred to as DUI.

Oberlin Municipal Court after having been sentenced by the sitting judge for OVI of the over 5,000 persons who have been sentenced by the sitting judge over the past 23 years.

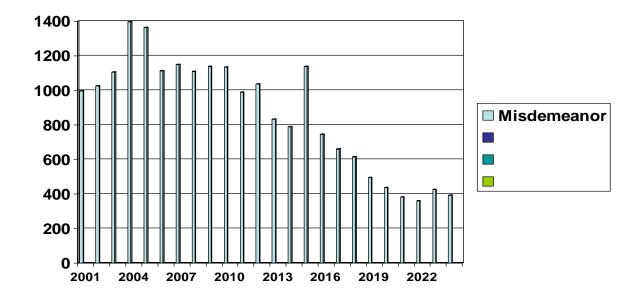
OVI filings after dropping to the lowest level in [at least] 40 years in 2022 to 112 increased to 136 in 2023 and again increased to 158 this past year. The 158 still represents a 55% drop from 2008's 350 filings and is well below peak year 1994 when there were 404 OVI filings. The main reason for the increase were OVI filings from the City of Amherst – 60 or 38% of the filings. A logical reason for the high percentage from the City of Amherst is the number of establishments in downtown Amherst that serve alcoholic beverages for on premises consumption. The increase in OVI filings from 2023 to 2024 for City of Amherst cases [not including charges filed by the State Highway Patrol and Lorain County Sheriff for cases arising in the City of Amherst] was nearly 50%. All other jurisdictions remained fairly steady or were lower than the previous year.

The 8 year average from 2017-2024 was only 152 compared to the previous 8 year average from 2009-2016 of 239 and the previous 8 year average from 2001-2008 of 268. The average number of filings 1991-2000 was 342. The average number of filings from 2001-2011 was 304. The average from 2013-2022 was 169 representing an almost 55% drop in the prior 21 year average. The 112 OVI cases for 2022 represents a 72% drop from peak year 1994 when 404 cases were filed and a 68% drop from 2008 when 350 OVI cases were filed. The 158 OVI cases for 2024 still represents a 55% drop from 2008's 350 filings.

[NOTE: The fact that an OVI charge (or any charge for that matter) is filed does not mean the person is guilty or will be convicted. **Any statistic that reports arrests or charges-as opposed to convictions- should be guardedly considered.** For example, in 2022, 17 OVI charges were dismissed by the prosecutor and in 2023 10 OVI cases were dismissed by the prosecutor and there were 2 not guilty verdicts by jury trials. In 2024 14 OVI cases were dismissed by the prosecutor.

## **Misdemeanor Cases**

Criminal misdemeanor filings: 391 misdemeanor filings were made in 2024 compared to 427 misdemeanor in 2023 compared to 361 in 2022, 384 in 2021, 438 in 2020 and 495 in 2019 compared to 616 filings that were made in 2018 and 1398 that were filed in peak year 2004. The 361 filings in 2022 was the lowest number of criminal misdemeanor filings since computerized records began in 1991 and represented a 74% drop in criminal misdemeanors filed compared to peak year 2004.



Criminal misdemeanor cases include misdemeanor assault and domestic violence cases, criminal trespass, disorderly conduct, misdemeanor drug offenses, obstructing official business, criminal damaging, criminal trespass, petty theft and passing bad checks, possession of marijuana and possession of drug paraphernalia.

#### Civil Cases

The pandemic significantly affected the civil filings. In 2020, only 714 civil filings were made, the lowest number of civil filings in the last 20 years. In 2021 there was an increase to 832. With the pandemic in the rearview mirror civil case filing have increased significantly over the past three years. There were 997 filings in 2022, the most civil filings since 2010. 2023 finished with a total of 1,138, the  $2^{nd}$  most civil filings in 23 years and the most since 2008. This past year, 2024, saw a record number of civil cases filed -1.333.

Just as there is high and low maintenance cases in the criminal/traffic division there are certain types of cases in the civil division that demand more attention. These types of cases typically are evictions and small claim cases. Evictions and Small Claim cases also have an element of urgency and pose unique scheduling challenges. For example, the law requires a Small Claim case to be scheduled for hearing no less than 15 but not more than 40 days after filing. As a practical matter 15 days is unrealistic because the defendant must be served with the lawsuit by certified mail. Service and return of certified mail will not typically be accomplished in time to fairly notify a person of the hearing date.

The pandemic years had seen eviction filings drop significantly down to only 52 filings in 2021, the lowest number of eviction filings in at least 16 years. However, in 2022 eviction filings increased to 90, the most filings since 2016 and the number again increased in 2023 to 110. In 2024 eviction actions spiked to 161. The number might be a bit skewed. One landlord had a significant increase in

filings but some of the filings were re-filings and many were dismissed prior to hearing because many of the cases were dismissed upon the tenants bringing their rent current or making arrangements to bring their rent current.

**EVICTION FILINGS** 

2005	140	201:	5 127	7
2006	110	201	6 95	
2007	126	201	7   85	
2008	131	201	8 76	
2009	124	2019	9 87	
2010	121	2020	0 64	
2011	110	202	1   52	
2012	109	2022	2 90	
2013	104	202	3 110	)
2014	105	202	4 16	1

After a spike in small claim filings from 97 in 2017 to 139 in 2018 small claim filings moderated back to 95 in 2019 but the pandemic did not stifle the filing of small claim complaints as the filings increased to 106 in 2020 and to 142 in 2021. In 2022 small claim complaints increased again to 146 but fell in 2023 to 109. In 2024 135 small claim complaints were filed. One of the reasons for the increase in Small Claims is an increase in filing or Municipal Income Tax cases and a Rent-to-Own company who recently has begun filing Small Claim Petitions.

## **Jury Trials**

In order to keep a current docket and for the efficient operation of the court it is necessary to have jurors available and jury trials scheduled on a regular basis. When a person is charged with a crime that has a possible penalty of a jail sentence or a fine in excess of \$1,000.00 the person is entitled to a jury trial. Also, a person is entitled to a jury trial in any civil case that can result in a money judgment or in certain other cases including an eviction. The court schedules jury trials on most Mondays unless it is a legal holiday.

Jurors are randomly chosen from voting lists. It has been the experience of this Court that the jurors who have served jury duty using this method of selection have taken their duty very seriously and served the community well. Since serving jury duty is an inconvenience for many citizens the court has attempted to minimize this inconvenience. As required by the Ohio Supreme Court the Court has adopted a Jury Management Plan. The Jury Management Plan limits jury duty to a selected juror to no more than four trial dates usually in a one (1) month period that typically consists of initially being called for four consecutive Mondays and serving on no more than two of those dates. The court has implemented a juror information line that informs jurors of the status of upcoming jury trials. We take this opportunity to thank the many citizens who were called for jury duty this past

year for their service to this court and to the community. Diana Bizorik, Chief Deputy Clerk in the Civil Department, serves as the Jury Commissioner.

As a result of the pandemic the court did not have any jury trials after March 2020 until July 2021. The court finished the year with 7 jury trials which is slightly below the norm. In 2023 only 4 cases were tried to a jury. In all likelihood the decrease in jury trials is a result in the dramatic decrease in the filings of OVI cases over the past two years. This past year only 1 jury trial went forward to verdict. Typically, the court has averaged 10-12 jury trials per year over the past 23 years.

## **Community Control Department (Probation Department)**

Alcohol and/or drug abuse are typically contributing factors for the underlying offense that results in a person being placed on probation. Individuals charged with these offenses are often required to obtain evaluations or assessments and the Community Control Department monitors compliance with the assessment for the benefit of the community at large, the person charged and their families.

The Community Control Department provides various categories of service to the court.<sup>7</sup> At the end of 2009 the Community Control Department consisted of three full time probation officers. Beginning in 2012 there were only 2 full time probation officers due in part to budget cuts. The position of Court Secretary was eliminated in 2010.

 $^7$  Intensive Probation Supervision – When a convicted person is placed on Intensive Probation Supervision she/he is required to maintain frequent contact with the Community Control Department and follow the Standard Conditions of Probation and any other conditions imposed by the court or the Community Control Officer assigned to Defendant's case.

Basic Probation Supervision – When a convicted person is placed on Basic Probation Supervision she/he is required to maintain contact with the Community Control Department in order to comply with any sanctions imposed by the court (e.g. attendance at AA meetings, community service, restitution etc.)

Monitored Time — When a convicted person is placed on Monitored Time (prior to 1-1-04 the term used was "good behavior") she/he is required to lead a law abiding life for a stated period of time. This includes but is not limited to not committing any similar offense, any offense of violence or any alcohol related offense if alcohol was a contributing factor to the offense(s) that gave rise to the filing of the charges in the case.

Court Supervised Release – In any pending charge where jail is a possible penalty the court may set conditions on the bond of an accused. The court may pursuant to Criminal Rule 46: (1) Place the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise the person;(2) Place restrictions on the travel, association, or place of abode of the person during the period of release;(3) Place the person under a house arrest or work release program;(4) Regulate or prohibit the person's contact with the victim;(5) Regulate the person's contact with witnesses or others associated with the case upon proof of the likelihood that the person will threaten, harass, cause injury, or seek to intimidate those persons;(6) Require a person who is charged with an offense that is alcohol or drug related, and who appears to need treatment, to attend treatment while on bail;(7) Any other constitutional condition considered reasonably necessary to ensure appearance or public safety. In certain cases the court evaluates a person's record when they appear for arraignment on an alcohol related offense and if the court determines that it is necessary for public safety and/or a person appears to need treatment the court places conditions on the person's bond including obtaining an alcohol assessment and reporting to the Community Control Department.

Seal Record Hearings — When a person applies to have their record sealed or expunged the Community Control Department does a records search to see if there are any pending cases and whether the person is eligible for the sealing of their record.

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Presently the court has a part-time Chief Probation officer and one assistant probation officer who also serves as the back-up judicial assistant. The position is titled Court Operations Assistant. The court may also continue to utilize interns<sup>8</sup>to assist in the department when available.

Many of the functions performed by the Community Control Department are mandated by the law especially in the area of OVI law. Changes in the OVI law are constantly being made. The OVI law requires that almost all OVI offenders must be placed on some form of probation. 1st offenders are required to either serve 3 days in jail or in the alternative to attend a 3 day Driver Intervention Program. Very seldom does a first offender serve jail. Instead they are urged to attend the 3 day program. At the program an assessment is made for any alcohol issue and the 1st offender then follows through with any recommendations through the Community Control Department. For second and third offenders the law mandates an assessment and treatment as follows:

[2nd Offense OVI] The offender is placed on Intensive Probation Supervision. The offender is required to maintain frequent contact with the Community Control Department and follow the Standard Conditions of Probation and any other conditions imposed by the court or the Community Control Officer assigned to offender's case. Under the law the offender must be assessed by an alcohol and drug treatment program that is authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code and must follow the treatment recommendations of the program. The purpose of the assessment is to determine the degree of the offender's alcohol usage and to determine whether or not treatment is warranted. The program is required to submit the results of the assessment to the court, including all treatment recommendations and clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use.

[3rd Offense OVI] The offender is placed on Intensive Probation Supervision for an initial period of 12 months. The offender is required to maintain frequent contact with the Community Control Department and follow the Standard Conditions of Probation and any other conditions imposed by the court or the Community Control Officer assigned to offender's case. Under the law the offender must participate in an alcohol and drug addiction program authorized by section 3793.02 of the Revised Code and shall follow the treatment recommendations of the program. The operator of the program must determine and assess the degree of the offender's alcohol dependency and make recommendations for treatment. The program must submit the results of the assessment to the court, including all treatment recommendations and clinical diagnoses related to alcohol use.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The court has utilized interns from Tiffin University, Miami of Ohio University, University of Toledo, Lorain County Community College and Ashland University.

The law also requires that certain repeat offenders be monitored using electronic monitoring devices as a condition of probation and/or have an ignition interlock device installed as a condition of obtaining driving privileges. The court also requires monitoring of other offenders who have a significant and/or history of alcohol related offenses or offenses of violence that appear to create a safety risk to the community, other individuals and/or themselves.

The Community Control Department also has the duty of presenting most probation violations in open court and making recommendations with regard to probation violations. For contested probation violations the Community Control Department may request the assistance of the prosecutor's office for the agency that charged the underlying offense.

The information below provides the active number of cases in various categories of probation and the cases initiated or added during calendar years 2016- 2020 in each category:

Category <sup>9</sup>	12/31/16	Added 2016	12/31/17 A	dded 2017	12/31/18	Added 2018	12/31/19	Added 2019	12/31/20 A	dded 2020	12/31/21	Added 202
Intensive Supervised	126	92	113	55	108	59	72	32	52	25	61	76
Basic	140	220	118	182	81	176	66	50	57	45	44	86
Court Supervised Release	30	214	36	128	37	184	18	19	38	38	90	37
Presentence Investigation	17	174	21	134	20	167	7	90	12	109	2	14
Deferred Jail									218	34	275	104
Lorain County Adult Probation	5	0	10	5	2	9	4	3	2	2	4	10
Seal Records	7	Not Available	4	11	Not Available	Not Available	3	29	5	35	2	30
	12/31/22	Added 2022	12/31/23	Added 2023	12/31/24	Added 2024						
Intensive Supervised	70	35	71	38	56	22						
Basic	24	22	40	37	47	41						
Court Supervised Release	20	19	26	24	25	26						
Presentence Investigation	4	74	11	95	7	68						
Deferred Jail	253	17	275	90	274	26						
Lorain County Adult Probation	2	1	2	1	2	1						
Seal Records	4	33	7	30	2	31						

Efforts have been made to fund the department so that it does not become a burden on the general operating fund of the court. The Community Control Department is funded in part through the collection of Supervision Fees that are permitted by law. In 2024 the sum of \$ 34,461.73 was collected for Court Supervision Fees.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The "added" cases do not include cases added **and completed** in the year reported.

## 2024 Bailiff Report<sup>10</sup>

## 2024 Bailiff Year End Report

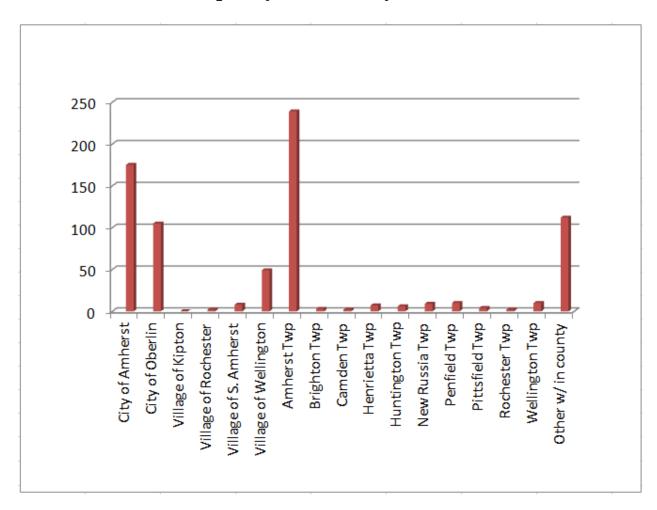
The Oberlin Municipal Court employs 1 full time Bailiff, 1 full time Deputy Bailiff, and 2 part time Deputy Bailiffs / Court Officers. They are responsible for the safety and security of the courthouse as well as the Judge, employees, and visitors. This is accomplished by operating and maintaining the metal detector at the main entrance, monitoring, maintenance and upkeep of the CCD and panic alarm systems and the training of employees of emergency procedures. The Deputy Bailiff is assigned to work with the Deputy Clerks in archiving the older court files by scanning them electronically and entering them into the Court's database system.

Other responsibilities of the Bailiff include the service of summons, subpoenas, writs and execution of Writ of Restitutions. As of December 31st, 2024, there were 744 court issued papers and orders requiring service to persons within the Lorain County area. The three types of services are Personal Service (81), Residential Service (123), and Posting Service (244). Service requires the Bailiff to contact the person by either by personally handing him (or her) the paper to be served (Personal Service), leaving the paper with an adult or other responsible person at the listed address (Residential Service), or posting the paper in a conspicuous place, usually on the front door after unsuccessful personal or residential service (Posting Service). In 32 instances, persons were not able to be served and the results were documented. The most common cause of being unable to make service of any type was contact made at the listed address, but the subject had moved and did not leave a forwarding address. Continuing our efforts to be more efficient by saving time and resources, service to certain persons was accomplished by email. This process involved the Bailiff making contact with the person by phone and verifying their email address. The subpoena would then be scanned and emailed to the person with a request of a return email verifying receipt. This process saves the time and resources of the Bailiff by allowing him to stay at the court continuing his duties while making service of papers. This process is viewed favorably by the individuals. There were 235 subpoenas that service was made by email, accounting for 34% all of papers served. To accomplish traditional service, a total of 6407 miles were driven and \$4,294.36 in mileage fees and \$301.00 in service fees were charged. This year the court replaced the 2011 Ford Fusion used by the bailiff with a 2024 Ford Escape Hybrid. The use of the Hybrid type vehicle is in line with the court's commitment to reducing waste and minimizing the carbon footprint.

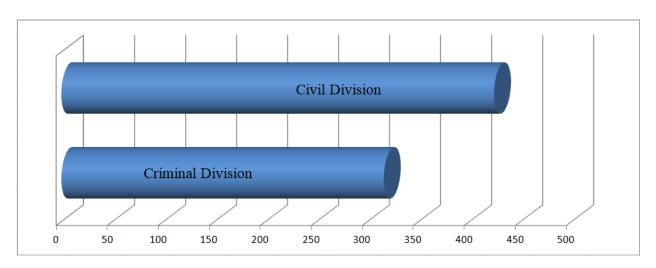
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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}$  Report submitted by Chief Bailiff Joe Davidson

## Frequency of service by Location



## **Breakdown Civil and Criminal**



## **Budget Issues**

## **Court Costs and Fines Paid to City of Oberlin**

## **Criminal and Traffic Division**

2015-2019: Revenue for the criminal and traffic division was \$755,939.30 in 2015, \$646,589.58 in 2016, \$665,005.62 in 2017, \$710,721.85 in 2018 and \$769,591.44 in 2019. And then there was Year One of the Pandemic. Only \$452,491.66 was collected due to the decrease in the filing of traffic cases. The year 2021 began with a slight rebound but as the pandemic entered its "fourth wave" in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2021 the filing of citations plummeted in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter and revenues again fell resulting in a second straight year of low collections in the criminal/traffic division in the amount of \$523,682.05. As expected 2022 was even lower due to the continuing trend of downward criminal and OVI filings again to only \$384,613.88. In 2023 the downward trend continued and the collections for the criminal and traffic division fell again to only \$378,771.96. The past year the collections for criminal and traffic cases again fell due to the extraordinary decline in the filing of cases to yet another low of \$323,771.68.

#### **Civil Division**

In 2023 collections for court costs paid to the City of Oberlin were \$144,924.53 compared to 2022 which were \$134,462.25 compared to \$105,060.02 in 2021 and 2020 in the amount of \$121,613.85. The court costs collected from the Civil Division in 2023 were the highest since 2010. This year the court costs collected by the Civil Division were at an all-time high in the sum of \$191,272.04.

#### **Expenses**

The court has always operated within its budget using a conservative budget philosophy and has operated under budget since at least 2002. In 2024 the projected budget was \$819,156.44. The actual expenditures were \$750,280.73 or 8.49% under budget. Expenses have been maintained and on a downward slope since 2009 when expenditures were \$790,118.51.

The judiciary is a separate branch of the government. As such, the Judge has a duty to provide staff and resources to provide for the fair and impartial administration of justice. A Judge is prohibited from being pressured from funding authorities to follow the priorities of the funding authority rather than be guided by the court's own priorities. Case law has consistently recognized that local funding authorities cannot substitute their own spending priorities for those of the court when it comes to how the court should be operated.<sup>11</sup> The authority to operate the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> In *State ex rel Johnston v. Taulbee*, 66 Ohio St. 2d 417 (1981), the court directed that the Ohio general assembly may not expand the discretion that local funding authorities have over court funding. The court said that it was unconstitutional for the legislature to encroach on the judicial authority to determine the court's funding needs and to impede the judiciary in the administration of justice. To grant the county commissioners the "power of the purse" over judicial administration, "unconstitutionally restricts and impedes the judiciary in complete contradiction of rudimentary democratic principles." Also see

court and make determinations as to the appropriate level of funding needed to operate the court, are decisions that are within the exclusive authority of the courts. These are matters about which the courts have the constitutional obligation to protect and preserve from interference from another branch or level of government. These principles are at the heart of the separation of powers framework endorsed by the Founding Fathers in the Federalist Papers, and evident in Federalist Paper #52:

"In order to lay a due foundation for that separate and distinct exercise of the different powers of government, which to a certain extent, is admitted on all hands to be essential to the preservation of liberty, it is evident that each department [branch of government] should have a will of its own .... The great security against a gradual concentration of the several powers in the same department [branch of government], consists in giving to those who administer each department, the necessary constitutional means, and personal motives, to resist encroachments of the others .... Ambition must be made to counteract ambition. (Federalist #52)"

The concern regarding the judicial function is under scrutiny. On January 29, 2018 Chief Justice O'Connor sent a letter to all judges in the State *emphasizing* the court's function is not to generate revenue:

"I know the pressure that many of you face to generate revenue, to increase collection rates, to "self-fund" as if the courts are a business trading in a commodity. But court cases are not business transactions. We do not buy and sell a commodity; we perform a public service. Nevertheless, focus on the "business" of the courts appears at times to be overtaking interest in our fundamental responsibility to do justice."

And after reviewing an audit report last year concerning a municipal court in this state, the Chief Justice became so concerned about the emphasis on the "business of the court" that Chief Justice O'Connor wrote directly to the State Auditor David Yost expressing her "deep distress":

"Finally, the overall tone of the audit report is troublesome because of the underlying assumption that court fines and fees are merely opportunities for revenue enhancement. . . . Pressure that courts self-fund can create a system of justice that is premised on a "pay-as-you-go" model, not the principle that courts and the administration of justice are a fundamental and general obligation of government. If the existence of a court is dependent upon self-funding, we run the danger of creating a system of built-in incentives for courts to use judicial

State ex rel Weaver v. Lake County Board of Commissioners (1991), State ex rel Donaldson v. Alfred (1993), State ex rel Wilke v. Hamilton County (2000), State ex rel Pike v. Hoppel, Board of Commissioners of Columbiana County (2000), State ex rel Maloney v. Sherlock (2003)

power for self-preservation not the promotion of justice for all. . . . Judges and court staff cannot be seen as collection agents. Whether courts contribute to a city's bottom line or generate sufficient cash flow for its own operations should not be even a secondary thought considering the role of the judiciary in our system of government."

Shortly after receiving the Chief Justice's letter, Auditor Yost contacted the Chief Justice emphasizing his support for the principle that the courts' fundamental and unquestionable responsibility is to ensure that justice is done and that we should not be expected to engage in practices designed to maximize revenue by taking advantage of our citizens or ignoring basic constitutional standards. Auditor Yost committed to the Chief Justice that he would begin a program of educating his auditor staff and contract auditors to consider the appropriate role of the judiciary in any review.

Notwithstanding, the court is not insensitive to the needs and concerns of the City and continues to address the needs and concerns of the City with regard to the Budget, as it has with past budgeting. Although the past three years court revenues were down the court has over the years been mainly in the black. Over the years the court has been able to comply with constitutional and statutory duties while not becoming a financial burden to the good citizens of the territories of the Oberlin Municipal Court. Whether this trend continues will be dictated by the number and types of cases filed in the coming years. There are limited steps that have been and can be taken to attempt to keep revenues in excess of expenses without compromising the administration of justice.

Measures taken over the years are reported in the courts annual reports. These measures have been taken over the years to keep the court's fiscal house in order and permit the court to provide the necessary services mandated by law without over burdening the funding authority. In any event, the court remains sensitive to the concerns of the City.

#### Good News Alert

There are many good and positive things that happen in our judicial system in Lorain County, Ohio including in the Oberlin Municipal Court. Contrary to the evening news there is more good news than bad news in the world including here in the Oberlin Municipal Court. Some of the recent positives include:

# 1. Over 2.5 million dollars saved by eliminating the position of Magistrate and utilizing special project funds

The Judge has assumed all duties of the Magistrate. Pursuant to the Ohio Revised Code 40% of the Magistrate's position was paid by the County. The County realized an immediate savings of \$4,800.00 per year for calendar years 2002-2004 (\$14,400.00) and a savings of \$9,600.00 per year for the calendar years 2005-2024 for a total savings of \$216,000.00 since January 2002 [not including

any increase in the Magistrate's salary]. The City has not had a Magistrate expense for the past 24 years (\$14,400.00 per year for twenty-one years or \$302,400.00) and \$7,200.00 per year for 3 years (\$21,600.00) for a total of \$324,000.00. The savings to County and City since 2002 is over \$643,680.00- [\$540,000.00 plus approximately \$103,680.00 in payroll expenses (PERS 14%, BWC .037, Medicare .015)]. If cost of living wages were calculated into the formula the savings would be close to three quarters of a million dollars.

In addition to the savings by elimination of the Magistrate special projects funds, funded by court costs and a grant, during the past 20 plus years has saved over 1.7 million dollars including almost 1 million dollars for upgrading and maintenance of technology.

#### 2. Cost of Operations remain steady

Due to technology and monitoring staffing needs based on the volume and types of cases filed the court has been able to maintain a steady cost of operations over the years This past year [\$750,280.73] was actually lower than the cost of operation in the year 2009 [\$773,544.21]. The staff of the Oberlin Municipal Court is to be commended for their efforts. The Clerk's office, Judicial Assistant, Probation Department and Bailiff have made this possible.

## 3. OVI cases drop to lowest level in decades

OVI filings have decreased remarkably. The 8 year average from 2017-2024 was only 152 compared to the previous 8 year average from 2009-2016 of 239 and the previous 8 year average from 2001-2008 of 268. The average number of filings 1991-2000 was 342. The average number of filings from 2001-2011 was 304. The average from 2013-2022 was 169 representing an almost 55% drop in the prior 21 year average. The 112 OVI cases for 2022 represents a 72% drop from peak year 1994 when 404 cases were filed and a 68% drop from 2008 when 350 OVI cases were filed. The 158 OVI cases for 2024 still represents a 55% drop from 2008's 350 filings.

## 4. Pretrial process transparent in Oberlin Municipal Court

A common criticism about the justice system is that much of what happens in the justice system is decided behind closed doors. In the Oberlin Municipal Court no adversarial proceedings in which the judge is involved are made behind closed doors. Each discussion involving the judge is held in open court to foster transparency. Open court hearings comply with the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment requirement of public trials. See *State ex rel. The Repository, Div. of Thompson Newspapers, Inc. v. Unger* (1986)28 Ohio St.3d 418 where the court held: "Thus, although the orders that were issued by the judges in the underlying cases did not arise at trial but instead occurred at pretrial hearings, we see no reason under the Ohio Constitution

to differentiate between the public's right to attend pretrial proceedings and its right to attend trials. Therefore we hold that the right to a public trial pursuant to the United States and Ohio Constitutions extends to pretrial proceedings.

## 5. Community Standard set by Judge

Several years ago I had a discussion with another judge regarding community standards. The judge insisted that the community standards for matters such as sentencing should be set by the local prosecutors. Consistent with that viewpoint the judge permitted widespread plea bargaining between the prosecution and the defense leaving the judge little or no input on sentencing.

I explained to my honorable colleague that in the Oberlin Municipal Court that the judge not the local prosecutors set the community standard for a number of reasons. In the Oberlin Municipal Court District the judge is an elected official directly accountable to the electorate while none of the prosecutors are elected but are appointed. Some of the prosecutors are several steps removed from direct accountability to the electorate. For example, in one of the jurisdictions the prosecutor is appointed by the Law Director who is appointed by the City Council who are directly accountable to the electorate. Over the years most of the prosecutors who have prosecuted cases in the court have not even resided in the jurisdiction of the court. Some have been exemplary, some have not.

Plea bargaining in this court has been limited to permit the judge to have input in sentencing in most high maintenance cases. The successful results of the judge setting the community standard in the Oberlin Municipal Court District is evident throughout this report as the number of high maintenance cases have decreased dramatically. It is vital that the person directly accountable to the electorate set the community standards in order for the justice system to operate in a meaningful and effective manner. In this court that person is the judge.

This information – and more- is readily available for dissemination to the good citizens of our community to give them confidence in the justice system and their elected officials and feel positive about the community in which they live. Sometimes information disseminated about the justice system and public officials involves reporting of discouraging news, giving the distorted impression that all is wrong with the judicial system and elected officials.

## 6. Media Relations and Transparency

The court makes every effort to be transparent in order to promote confidence in the justice system. Open court hearings comply with the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment requirement of public trials. See *State ex rel. The Repository, Div. of Thompson Newspapers, Inc. v. Unger* (1986)28 Ohio St.3d 418 where the court held: "Thus, although the orders that were issued by the judges in the underlying cases did not arise at trial but instead occurred at pretrial hearings, we see no reason under the Ohio Constitution to differentiate between the public's right to attend pretrial proceedings and its right to attend trials. Therefore we hold that the

right to a public trial pursuant to the United States and Ohio Constitutions extends to pretrial proceedings." For this reason, all hearings involving the judge are held in open court.

The 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America prohibits the making of any law infringing on the freedom of the press. For the most part newspapers are free to print whatever they please [within certain limits] with regard to their perception of the truth. Sometimes newspapers print stories about court cases based on information that is received from sources that cannot be verified by actual court records or the docket and understandably articles written from these other unofficial sources may result in news articles that are inconsistent with the "truth of the case" but may well be justified under the newspapers 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment rights.

In the Oberlin Municipal Court we try our best to be completely transparent and provide truthful and accurate accounts of proceedings in all cases to avoid the dissemination of misinformation by the media. Misinformation is harmful to the participants in the case and to the general public. Misinformation regarding legal proceedings also directly affects the quality of life of community members with regard to their confidence in the justice system and having accurate and truthful information to form an opinion as to the state of affairs of the justice system and accountability of elected officials in the justice system. In cases of public interest we take extra care to make sure that the media is provided accurate information anticipating that there may be a news report of the court proceedings. Reporting good news and accurate news is always appreciated.<sup>12</sup>

## **Conclusion**

To us this may be just another day at the office. For the participants it is perhaps the single most important event in their life. Endeavor to treat every case with the utmost care and attention whether a simple traffic violation or a serious allegation of wrongdoing, whether a small claim or a claim for the maximum monetary jurisdiction of this Court.

Thank you for permitting me the opportunity to serve as Oberlin Municipal Court judge. It has been an honor and a privilege.

accountable and transparent including acknowledgement of mistakes and correcting them promptly and prominently. The code acknowledges that the code is unenforceable due to the 1<sup>st</sup> Amendment.

<sup>12</sup> The Society of Professional Journalist Code of Ethics is instructive. The preamble provides that public enlightenment is the forerunner of justice and the foundation of democracy. Ethical journalism strives to ensure the free exchange of information that is accurate, fair and thorough. An ethical journalist acts with integrity. The Society declares four principles as the foundation of ethical journalism and encourages their use in its practice by all people in all media. These principles are: 1. Seek Truth and Report it. 2. Minimize Harm 3. Act Independently 4. Be

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## OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 Summary Report

CRIMINAL/TRAFFIC CASES:		
State Cases Filed in 2024		2,724
State Cases Completed in 2024		2,743
Ordinance Cases filed in 2024		
Oberlin Police Department		40
Amherst Police Department		234
South Amherst Police Department		33
Kipton Police Department		9
Wellington Police Department New Russia Township		91 1
Ordinance Cases Filed		408
Ordinance Cases Completed		397
Total Number of MSC Cases Filed in 2024		119
(MSC cases are not counted in Supreme court numbers listed below)		
Supreme Court Report - Pending beginning 2024		293
Total Number of New Cases Filed in 2024 (CRA,CRB,TRC,TRD)		3,132
Total Number of Transfers, Reactivations		359
Total Number of Cases Completed in 2024		3,513
Total Number of Cases - Other Terminations		0
Total Number of Cases Pending at end of 2024		271
LANDLORD TENANT CASES:		
Number of Cases filed in 2024		1
Number of Cases Disbursed in 2024		1
Number of Cases Completed in 2024		1
Number of Cases Dismissed in 2024		1
Active Cases End of 2024		0
CIVIL & TRUSTEESHIP CASES:		
Number of Cases Dismissed in 2024 (Included in completed case count)		457
Supreme Court Report - Number of Cases Pending Beginning 2024		377
Number of Cases Filed in 2024		1330
(MSC cases are not counted in Supreme court numbers listed below)		0
Number Transfers, Reactivations 2024		7
Number Cases Completed in 2024		1223
Number of Cases Pending end of 2024		491
TOTAL MONIES COLLECTED IN 2023  Criminal Account	<b>,</b>	CC2 000 C0
Bond Account	\$	663,908.69
Restitution Account	\$	10,860.00
Civil Account	\$	3,704.45
Trusteeship Account	\$	\$874,491.42
Landlord Tenant Account	Ş	- \$4,530.00
		·
TOTAL	\$	1,557,162.27

## **CIVIL BRANCH - CIVIL CASE LOAD AND RECEIPTS**

Year	Cases Filed	Amount
2001	732	\$52,239.45
2002	818	\$53,262.86
2003	1,042	\$74,023.46
2004	1,047	\$84,301.37
2005	994	\$78,545.54
2006	932	\$71,591.23
2007	1,082	\$80,315.22
2008	1,242	\$130,112.39
2009	1,077	\$140,291.47
2010	1,045	\$154,979.50
2011	922	\$126,741.97
2012	913	\$127,432.50
2013	715	\$106,998.75
2014	809	\$103,078.16
2015	777	\$105,712.88
2016	719	\$101,995.76
2017	840	\$103,867.28
2018	892	\$109,533.89
2019	981	\$121,613.85
2020	713	\$ 88,500.57
2021	832	\$105,060.02
2022	997	\$134,462.25
2023	1138	\$144,924.53
2024	1333	\$191,272.04

# OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 FINANCIAL REPORT CIVIL, TRUSTEESHIP, AND LANDLORD TENANT ACCOUNTS

YEAR	NO. CASES FILED		DISBURSEMENTS		OTAL CITY
1958	256	\$	7,817.71	\$	784.42
1959	236	\$	14,803.45	\$ \$	1,444.90
1960	309	\$	25,130.27	\$	2,551.76
1961	380	\$ \$ \$	33,492.46	\$	2,372.55
1962	424	\$	42,362.73	\$ \$	2,967.00
1963	336	\$	35,560.75		5,255.18
1964	359	\$	38,994.32	\$ \$ \$	3,234.25
1965	381	\$ \$ \$	42,104.62	\$	3,403.15
1966	363	\$	52,694.05	\$	3,871.22
1967	350	\$	45,092.98	\$ \$	3,936.70
1968	420	\$	26,335.70		5,139.07
1969	543	¢	54,530.12	\$ \$ \$	4,777.22
1970	755	\$ \$ \$	43,918.20	ψ	6,577.97
1971	682	φ	40,967.38	φ	•
		φ		\$ \$	5,522.50
1972	525	Ф Ф	56,161.36	Φ	6,499.83
1973	524	\$	42,238.95	\$	7,071.83
1974	760	\$ \$ \$ \$	42,247.04	\$ \$	6,178.01
1975	770	\$	45,400.22	\$	8,120.11
1976	910	\$	65,042.95	\$	9,755.09
1977	1,126	\$	71,949.89	\$	12,124.73
1978	965	\$	71,794.63	\$	26,646.29
1979	938	\$	67,895.40	\$	16,319.43
1980	940	\$	68,053.89	\$ \$	17,782.38
1981	924	\$	75,822.26	\$	22,515.25
1982	850	\$ \$ \$	82,260.58	\$	36,412.32
1983	718	\$	58,795.99	\$	25,881.27
1984	750	\$	65,588.11	\$	39,660.22
1985	628	\$ \$ \$	78,090.16	\$ \$	24,242.96
1986	677	\$	77,964.26	\$	26,758.98
1987	713	\$	76,931.17	\$	27,792.82
1988	775	\$	82,290.72	\$	32,302.49
1989	877	\$	103,646.70	\$	33,700.02
1990	683	\$	112,265.94	\$ \$	35,412.49
1991	808	\$ \$ \$ \$	105,515.97	\$	32,811.90
1992	722	Ψ ¢	119,228.63	\$	35,743.65
1993	621	\$ \$	93,913.19	\$	28,355.22
1994	532	ψ		Ψ	
1995	506	\$ \$	93,146.36	\$ \$	27,462.19 25,548.44
		φ	78,928.50	φ	
1996	561	\$	97,422.34	\$	34,631.71
1997	662	\$	108,659.28	\$	39,442.92
1998	725	\$	143,635.87	\$	44,703.93
1999	713	\$ \$	195,341.59	\$	60,566.76
2000	613	\$	205,339.09	\$	46,227.65
2001	732	\$	280,343.80	\$	52,239.45
2002	818	\$	285,025.05	\$	53,462.86
2003	1042	\$	327,362.30	\$	74,023.46
2004	1047	\$	421,423.34	\$	84,301.37
2005	994	\$	364,958.57	\$ \$ \$ \$	78,545.54
2006	932	\$	402,642.53	\$	71,591.23
2007	1082	\$	443,332.68	\$	80,315.22
2008	1243	\$	551,643.10	\$	152,423.39
2009	1080	\$	608,166.00	\$	140,744.37
2010	1047	\$	606,738.84	\$ \$ \$	166,483.54
2011	922	\$	590,333.47	* \$ * \$	144,915.03
2012	913	\$	541,065.54	* \$	145,099.30
2013	716	\$	573,840.62	* \$	119,918.75
2014	811	\$	473,524.90	* \$	118,059.32
2015	777	\$	563,350.93	* \$	121,633.04
2016	720	\$	490,185.38	* \$	114,825.76
2017	842	\$	454,282.03	* \$	120,671.06
2018	892	\$	466,785.51	* \$	126,166.03
2019	971	\$	542,582.86	* \$	146,973.79
2020	714	\$	423,652.10	* \$	101,165.57
2021	832	\$	477,719.57	* \$	124,938.97
2022	997	Ψ ¢	694,583.94	* \$	153,792.48
2023	1142	Ψ <b>¢</b>	677,274.31	* \$	186,084.62
2023	1333	************************	866,547.77	* \$	230,071.11
2027	1000	Ψ	000,071.11	Ψ	200,011.11

## 2024 Year End Report - Civil For the Period Ended December 31, 2024

Casas Filad				
Cases Filed:		3		
CVE CVF		ა 1018		
CVG		161		
CVG		14		
CVI		135		
LANDLORD TENANT		1	=	
OTHER		1	:	
TOTAL:		1333		
TOTAL.		1333		
Disbursements:				
City of Oberlin				
Court Costs	\$	190,410.04		
Clerk's Computer Fund	\$	8,531.00		
Court Improvement Costs	\$	17,940.00		
Court Computer Expense	\$	469.00		
Marriage Fees	\$	100.00		
	\$	-		
Misc. Fees				
Total Paid to City:			\$217,450.04	
. <u>-</u>	•			
Jury Fees		-		
Judgments	\$	598,401.58		
Witness Fees	\$	36.00		
Appraiser Fees	\$	- 750.45		
Advertising Fees	\$	750.45		
Lorain Co. Auditor-Tax Lien Pmt	\$	- 450.00		
Jury Deposit Refund Sheriff Fees	\$ \$	450.00 91.51		
Bond Refund	φ	91.51		
Demolition Fee Refund	\$	_		
Deposit Refunds	\$	116.34		
Judgment Refunds		16,670.85		
Total Judgments, Refunds & Jury:	Ψ	10,010.00	\$616,516.73	
, eta. ea agee, , tera.rae a eay.			φσ.σ,σ.σσ	
Treasurer State of Ohio				
Civil State Costs	\$	31,096.00		
Small Claims State Costs		1,485.00		
Transfer Fee to State				
Total Costs to State of Ohio			\$ 32,581.00	
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS:				\$ 866,547.77

#### OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 ANNUAL REPORT DISBURSEMENTS CIVIL

	Marriage Fee	Court Costs	Clerk's Computer Costs (Fund 808)
January	\$ -	\$ 13,045.15	\$ 500.00
February	\$ -	\$ 12,862.99	\$ 425.00
March	\$ 50.00	\$ 16,162.85	\$ 655.00
April	\$ -	\$ 18,366.55	\$ 895.00
May	\$ -	\$ 17,613.10	\$ 855.00
June	\$ -	\$ 12,328.50	\$ 420.00
July	\$ -	\$ 14,516.11	\$ 560.00
August	\$ -	\$ 11,530.25	\$ 531.00
September	\$ -	\$ 21,175.64	\$ 1,053.00
October	\$ -	\$ 18,266.85	\$ 918.00
November	\$ -	\$ 17,445.55	\$ 810.00
December	\$ 50.00	\$ 17,096.50	\$ 909.00
TOTAL:	\$ 100.00	\$ 190,410.04	\$ 8,531.00

	Court Improvement Fund	Treasurer State OH	Treasurer State SSC
January	\$ 1,275.00	\$ 2,210.00	\$ 165.00
February	\$ 1,245.00	\$ 2,158.00	\$ 22.00
March	\$ 1,710.00	\$ 2,964.00	\$ 187.00
April	\$ 2,685.00	\$ 4,654.00	\$ -
May	\$ 2,295.00	\$ 3,978.00	\$ 198.00
June	\$ 1,200.00	\$ 2,080.00	\$ 44.00
July	\$ 1,605.00	\$ 2,782.00	\$ 55.00
August	\$ 705.00	\$ 1,222.00	\$ 132.00
September	\$ 1,650.00	\$ 2,860.00	\$ 77.00
October	\$ 1,320.00	\$ 2,288.00	\$ 154.00
November	\$ 1,080.00	\$ 1,872.00	\$ 198.00
December	\$ 1,170.00	\$ 2,028.00	\$ 253.00
TOTAL:	\$ 17,940.00	\$ 31,096.00	\$ 1,485.00

#### OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 ANNUAL REPORT DISBURSEMENTS CIVIL

	Tr	easurer State Transfers		Judgments		Deposit Refunds and Refunds
January	\$	-	\$	113,939.43	\$	-
February	\$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	202.22	\$	-
March	\$	-	\$	25,986.01	\$	-
April	\$	-	\$	88,407.03	\$	8.50
May	\$ \$	-	\$	20,400.50	\$	-
June	\$	-	\$	68,643.54	\$	-
July	\$	-	\$	59,737.36	\$	48.66
August	\$	-	\$	56,096.51	\$	27.32
September	\$	-	\$	33,329.62	\$	13.66
October	\$	-	\$ \$ \$	77,459.59	\$	0.98
November	\$	-	\$	39,750.29	\$	8.61
December	\$	-	\$	14,449.48	\$	8.61
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	598,401.58	\$	116.34
		Appraiser Fees		Advertising Fees		Judgment Refunds
	Φ.		•		Φ.	Refunds
January	\$		\$	Fees	\$	<b>Refunds</b> 1,524.47
February	\$		\$		\$	Refunds
February March	\$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$	Refunds 1,524.47 3,530.23
February March April	\$ \$ \$		\$	Fees	\$ \$ \$	<b>Refunds</b> 1,524.47
February March April May	\$ \$ \$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$	Refunds  1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02
February March April May June	\$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49
February March April May June July	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85
February March April May June July August	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85 134.14
February March April May June July August September	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85 134.14 727.12
February March April May June July August September October	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees  - 317.78 - 229.50	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85 134.14 727.12 520.09
February March April May June July August September October November	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fees - 317.78	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85 134.14 727.12 520.09 4,036.61
February March April May June July August September October	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$	Fees  - 317.78 - 229.50	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,524.47 3,530.23 - 2,255.02 - 1,455.49 708.85 134.14 727.12 520.09

#### OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 ANNUAL REPORT DISBURSEMENTS CIVIL

		ry Deposit		Misc.	V	Vitness
		Refund		Costs		Fees
January	\$	-	\$	-		
February	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
March	\$	-		-	\$	-
April	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
May	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	-
June	\$	450.00	\$	-	\$	-
July	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18.00
August	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
September	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
October	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
November	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18.00
December	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-
TOTAL:	\$	450.00	\$	-	\$	36.00
		nolition Fee	S	heriff & Mileage		t Computer
		nolition Fee Refund	S	heriff & Mileage Fees		t Computer s (Fund 806)
January	\$		\$	_	Costs	
January February	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees	Costs	
	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees	Costs \$ \$ \$	
February	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees	Costs \$ \$ \$	
February March	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees	Costs \$ \$ \$	
February March April	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees	Costs \$ \$ \$	s (Fund 806) - - - - - - -
February March April May June July August	\$ \$		\$ \$	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$	c (Fund 806)
February March April May June July August September	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July August September October	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$	Fund 806)  59.00 117.00 102.00
February March April May June July August September October November	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		* * * * * * * * * * * *	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fund 806)  59.00 117.00 102.00 90.00
February March April May June July August September October	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$	Fees 24.63	Costs \$ \$ \$	Fund 806)  59.00 117.00 102.00

#### OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 ANNUAL REPORT DISBURSEMENTS CIVIL

Grand
Total

January	\$ 132,683.68
February	\$ 20,763.22
March	\$ 47,714.86
April	\$ 117,500.60
May	\$ 45,339.60
June	\$ 86,621.53
July	\$ 80,097.86
August	\$ 70,437.22
September	\$ 61,003.04
October	\$ 101,029.51
November	\$ 65,512.23
December	\$ 37,844.42

**TOTAL:** \$ 866,547.77

### CRIMINAL AND TRAFFIC BRANCH

Criminal Case Load [Felony and Misdemeanor filings – excluding OVI and Traffic cases]

The breakdown in criminal filings for the major police agencies in the jurisdiction for the past 24 years is:

Agency	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Amherst	285	341	458	760	763	657	627	589	606	577	485	443	353
Oberlin	299	253	276	203	219	164	246	203	206	271	243	165	196
Wellington	132	122	117	97	97	149	122	115	123	114	115	66	71
Sheriff	205	190	238	197	152	174	149	166	136	161	158	148	147
S. Amherst	37	59	12	41	10	28	43	83	70	31	21	24	15
OSP	74	93	87	168	141	107	78	93	142	151	131	130	167
Agency	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>		
Amherst	360	529	371	351	311	213	193	206	173	220	250		
Oberlin	163	177	134	117	135	137	<b>76</b>	73	83	103	89		
Wellington	72	103	111	100	64	62	74	42	44	46	34		
Sheriff	148	114	116	90	86	73	78	53	63	121	73		
S. Amherst	40	17	12	5	13	2	0	1	0	3	6		
OSP	152	185	171	106	83	67	72	55	45	45	24		

OVI Case Load [Operating a Vehicle Under the Influence] The breakdown in OVI filings for the past 21 years is:

Agency	2001	<u>2002</u>	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>
Amherst	34	67	102	121	86	117	116	159	110	102	66	59	39
Oberlin	31	17	14	22	28	32	38	25	36	20	31	20	28
Wellington	35	37	31	37	44	45	35	41	29	45	24	25	11
Sheriff	25	22	9	13	8	10	7	12	4	1	5	10	3
S. Amherst	15	16	8	14	7	7	10	3	9	5	2	6	12
OSP	123	115	106	108	113	97	121	107	125	124	157	127	92
Agency	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Amherst	53	58	53	48	48	42	58	51	25	32	60		
Oberlin	10	10	18	23	16	17	7	3	4	16	7		
Wellington	12	9	26	19	10	9	25	19	12	13	8		
Sheriff	9	15	16	5	15	10	13	10	17	19	21		
S. Amherst	7	10	1	1	7	2	1	0	0	1	1		
OSP		91	88	78	79	81	54	69	54	55	61		

Traffic Case Load – excluding OVI filings. The breakdown in Traffic filings for the past 21 years is:

Agency	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Amherst	905	1145	1636	1411	927	971	850	617	985	921	594	845	639
Oberlin	868	425	360	446	370	338	293	297	283	258	211	189	187
Wellington	267	333	197	209	272	399	239	244	177	128	135	111	111
Sheriff	275	271	263	323	160	137	129	185	91	86	123	241	295
S. Amherst	108	193	309	334	302	362	248	198	271	237	298	229	280
OSP	4630	5836	5360	3880	3726	3719	3920	3961	3294	3311	3575	3873	4314
Agency	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>		
Amherst	612	752	617	820	590	706	492	637	600	639	497		
Oberlin	178	169	260	234	239	557	245	174	152	105	67		
Wellington	157	221	182	206	167	159	106	139	147	140	141		
Sheriff	316	382	357	281	279		351	459	407	273	161		
S. Amherst	280	184	116	129	179	178	241	182	11	47	43		
OSP	4138	4607	3056	3054	3911	4891	2627	2479	1794	1908	1558		

#### OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 FINANCIAL REPORT CRIMINAL/TRAFFIC DIVISION

YEAR	FILED NO. ORD. CASES	FILED NO. STATE CASES		BOND/REST CRIM/TR TOTAL COLLECTION	ı	TOTAL PAID TO CITY
1958	334	1483	\$	50,990.97	\$	37,856.10
1959	272	1683	\$	62,961.04	\$	38,130.50
1960	341	2145	\$	76,547.69	\$	45,350.48
1961	324	1853	φ	59,320.48	\$	35,777.80
1962	256	1838	Ψ	54,204.87	\$	·
			φ Φ	•	φ	32,442.57
1963	199	2048	\$	62,786.42	\$	36,423.39
1964	479	2299	\$	76,061.56	\$ \$ \$	42,592.71
1965	611	2268	\$	83,582.40	\$	44,949.20
1966	708	1943	\$	75,666.93	\$	41,192.29
1967	612	2367	\$	85,716.65	\$	48,460.67
1968	773	3207	\$	111,618.21	\$	56,109.41
1969	824	2308	\$	92,937.65	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	47,201.57
1970	638	2625	\$	85,479.77	\$	44,625.27
1971	1,430	3167	\$	114,581.26	\$	65,403.75
1972	3,364	4242	\$	200,994.92	\$	101,605.37
1973	3,604	3459	\$	189,654.50	\$	93,522.43
1974	3,516	4482	\$	242,247.76	\$	120,149.20
1975	3,355	4472	\$	323,155.55	\$ \$ \$	132,938.72
1976	3,055	3964	\$	313,877.03	\$	127,765.41
1977	3,539	4741	\$	434,978.12	\$	164,589.23
1978	3,063	3918	\$	404,820.82	\$	140,954.95
1979	3,305	4162	φ	505,269.87	Φ	166,691.83
1980	2,765	4182	Ψ	544,336.19	\$ \$ \$	194,144.26
	·	4423	φ	•	φ	·
1981	3,880		D D	650,807.14	Ф	217,288.94
1982	2,714	3852	<b>\$</b>	608,684.36	\$	212,749.89
1983	2,693	3787	\$	530,598.19	\$	205,031.58
1984	3,019	4248	\$	475,898.20	\$	214,597.51
1985	2,525	5144	\$	623,528.61	\$ \$ \$	246,374.44
1986	2,318	5636	\$	610,244.55	\$	243,501.30
1987	2,168	6833	\$	662,250.64	\$	257,338.00
1988	2,426	7261	\$	722,325.78	\$	270,696.07
1989	2,346	6390	\$	788,557.10	\$ \$ \$	239,018.09
1990	2,242	6223	\$	724,380.07	\$	283,188.83
1991	2,330	4737	\$	767,303.54	\$	323,649.80
1992	2,405	4779	\$	845,152.24	\$	348,068.54
1993	2,464	5157	*********************************	919,388.09	\$	378,193.34
1994	2,300	6479	\$	1,061,405.19	\$	424,756.66
1995	2,608	7101	\$ \$ \$	1,235,518.16	\$ \$ \$	458,995.24
1996	2,981	6858	\$	1,395,729.12	\$	561,737.28
1997	2,963	5873	\$	1,277,298.87	\$	546,495.59
1998	2,972	4331	\$ \$	1,186,353.41	\$	509,763.92
1999	3,001	6242		1,536,822.75		679,971.34
2000	2,739	5,377	\$ \$	1,506,073.09	\$ \$	590,583.16
2001	3,117	5,460	\$		\$	·
	·			1,518,068.56		529,209.91
2002	3,000	6,684	\$	1,396,637.45	\$	489,416.16
2003	2,380	7,402	\$	1,570,611.33	\$	515,662.11
2004	2,286	6,585	\$ \$	1,563,564.12	\$ \$ \$	546,587.67
2005	1,998	5,876	\$	1,587,623.69	\$	579,999.14
2006	1,992	5,711	\$ \$ \$	1,622,814.22	\$	630,706.38
2007	1,700	5,711	\$	1,548,679.50	\$	621,987.21
2008	1,268	5,925		1,585,509.85	* \$	808,949.53
2009	1,598	5,194	\$ \$ \$ \$	1,470,288.19	* \$	743,482.74
2010	1,522	5,062	\$	1,571,456.74	* \$	801,902.58
2011	1,176	5,253	\$	1,513,836.27	* \$	808,675.58
2012	1,175	5,891	\$	1,569,954.79	* \$	820,581.08
2013	1,093	5,946	\$	1,478,494.95	* \$	784,836.98
2014	1,066	5,795	\$	1,321,186.35	* \$	717,788.46
2015	1,030	6,673	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	1,552,783.25	* \$	817,374.82
2016	828	4,927	\$	1,237,293.03	* \$	779,146.39
2017	875	4,858	\$	1,203,603.11	* \$	643,101.08
2018	762	5,549	Ψ 2	1,279,183.66	* \$	687,327.03
2019	1,137	6,353	Φ	1,570,571.40	* \$	865,817.70
2020	752	3,975	φ φ			·
			φ Φ	1,008,558.43	* \$ * \$	515,414.21 503 541 21
2021	808	3,879	φ	1,062,163.38	Ψ	593,541.21
2022	604	3,869	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	796,611.91	* \$	440,206.69
2023	622	3,186	\$	812,206.31	* \$	432,456.70
2024	408	2,724	\$	678,473.14	. * . \$	370,639.29
		*Tota	I includes -	<ul> <li>Court Special Funds not inc</li> </ul>	luded in	years prior to 2008.

<sup>\*</sup>Total includes - Court Special Funds not included in years prior to 2008.

	Year-to-date Withdrawals
CITY OF OBERLIN OBERLIN COST APPORTIONMENT AMHERST COST APPORTIONMENT	\$ 0.00 \$ 20,492.21
WELLINGTON COST APPORTIONMENT KIPTON COST APPORTIONMENT S. AMHERST COST APPORTIONMENT	\$ 4,235.27 \$ 56.59 \$ 0.00
10% BOND CHARGE IMMOBILIZATION FEE (FROM STATE)	\$ 100.00 \$ 700.00
MISCELLANEOUS COURT COSTS BAILIFF FEES COURT COSTS	\$ 3,651.13 \$ 772.36 \$ 198,213.09
INTERPRETER FEES RESTITUTION PROCESSING FEES CONVENIENCE FEE	\$ 0.00 \$ 511.85 \$ 0.00
COURT SUPERVISION FEE (PROBATION) COURT SECURITY COSTS	\$ 34,461.73 \$ 10,746.00
OBERLIN ZONING OBERLIN ORDINANCE -TRAFFIC OBERLIN ORDINANCE - CRIMINAL	\$ 0.00 \$ 3,049.10 \$ 425.00
OBERLIN HANDICAPPED PARKING  40/45% OSP FINES 4511 & 4513  40/45% OSP FINES - OTHER TRAFFIC  40/45% OSP FINES - CHAPT 55  40/45% OSP FINES - CRIMINAL	\$ 0.00 \$ 39,128.35 \$ 7,097.00
40/45% OSP FINES - CHAPT 55 40/45% OSP FINES - CRIMINAL Subtotal - City General Fund	\$ 0.00 \$ 132.00 \$ 323,771.68
INDIGENT CRIMINAL COSTS OBERLIN LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT. ORDINANCE HOUSING OFFENDERS ORC 4511.99	\$ 0.00 \$ 280.00 \$ 0.00
805 COURT IMPROVEMENT COSTS 808 CLERK'S COMPUTER FUND 806 COURT COMPUTER FUND	\$ 10,382.86 \$ 16,129.00 \$ 4,679.00
415 INDIGENT DRIVERS ALCOHOL FUND 422 IND.INTERLOCK MONIT.FUND TOTAL PAID TO CITY OF OBERLIN	\$ 8,856.90 \$ 5,767.00 \$ 369,866.44
CITY OF AMHERST	
AMHERST TAXATION DEPARTMENT AMHERST ZONING FINES AMHERST ORDINANCE FINES - TRAFFIC AMHERST ORDINANCE FINES - CRIMINAL	\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
AMHERST LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT.  ORDINANCE HOUSING OFFENDERS ORC 4511.99  AMHERST HANDICAPPED PARKING	\$ 1,206.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
TOTAL FINES	\$ 1,206.00
VILLAGE OF WELLINGTON WELLINGTON ORDINANCE FINES - CRIMINAL WELLINGTON ORDINANCE FINES - TRAFFIC	\$ 320.00 \$ 1,984.15
WELLINGTON ZONING WELLINGTON LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT. ORD. HOUSING FOR OFFENDERS ORC 4511.99	\$ 0.00 \$ 205.00 \$ 0.00
WELLINGTON HANDICAPPED PARKING TOTAL FINES	\$ 0.00 \$ 2,509.15

	Year-to-date Withdrawals	
VILLAGE OF KIPTON KIPTON ORDINANCE FINES - TRAFFIC KIPTON ORDINANCE FINES - CRIMINAL KIPTON LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT. ORD. HOUSING FOR OFFENDERS ORC 4511.99 KIPTON HANDICAPPED PARKING TOTAL FINES	\$ 603.79 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 0.00	\$ 603.79
VILLAGE OF SOUTH AMHERST SOUTH AMHERST TAXATION FINES SOUTH AMHERST ORDINANCE FINES - TRAFFIC SOUTH AMHERST ORDINANCE FINES - CRIMINAL S. AMHERST LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT. ORD. HOUSING FOR OFFENDERS ORC 4511.99 SOUTH AMHERST HANDICAPPED PARKING TOTAL FINES	\$ 0.00 \$ 1,390.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 70.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 1,460.00
NEW RUSSIA TOWNSHIP NEW RUSSIA'S 50% LCSO 4511 & 4513 NEW RUSSIA'S 50% LCSO OTHER TRAFFIC 50% NEW RUSSIA'S 50% LCSO CRIMINAL NEW RUSSIA TOWNSHIP ORD. TRAFFIC NEW RUSSIA TOWNSHIP ORD CRIMINAL TOTAL FINES	\$ 3,792.50 \$ 441.25 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 80.00	\$ 4,313.75
INDIGENT DRIVER TREATMENT FUND DRUG ENFORCEMENT FUND SHSF CRIMINAL JUSTICE DRUG ENFORC. FUND JUSTICE PROGRAM SERVICE FUND	\$ 2,915.00 \$ 500.00 \$ 720.00 \$ 800.00 \$ 76,074.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 8,486.10 \$ 55.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 5,791.60 \$ 44,017.20 \$ 148.50 \$ 7,969.25 \$ 0.00 \$ 23,360.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 170,836.65
TREASURER OF STATE STATE PATROL - LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCOUNT		\$ 1,198.00
TREASURER STATE OF OHIO STATE PATROL FORFEITURE FUND		\$ 0.00
TREASURER OF STATE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION		\$ 0.00
TREASURER OF STATE OHIO DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH		\$ 0.00

TREASURER STATE OF OHIO OHIO STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY		\$ 425.00
LORAIN CO ADULT PROBATION-ELECTR MONIT TREASURER OF STATE DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES - WILDLIFE DEPT. OF NATURAL RESOURCES - WATERCRAFT FINDLEY STATE PARK - CRIMINAL FINDLEY STATE PARK - TRAFFIC 4511 & 4513 FINDLEY STATE PARK - OTHER TRAFFIC TOTAL NATURAL RESOURCES FINES	\$ 50.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 275.00 \$ 455.00 \$ 0.00	\$ 610.00 \$ 780.00
TREASURER OF STATE FINDLEY PARK HANDICAPPED PARKING	\$ 0.00	
TREASURER OF STATE STATE PATROL POST 90 DRUG FINES		\$ 175.00
TREASURER OF STATE STATE PATROL - DRUG FINES		\$ 0.00
TREASURER OF STATE OHIO DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE		\$ 0.00
	\$ 400.00 \$ 250.00 \$ 150.00	\$ 800.00
AMHERST TWP. ZONING CAMDEN TOWNSHIP ZONING HUNTINGTON ZONING HENRIETTA TWP. ZONING PITTSFIELD ZONING RUSSIA TOWNSHIP ZONING LORAIN COUNTY LAW LIBRARY ANIMAL PROTECTIVE LEAGUE ERIE SHORES HUMANE SOCIETY		\$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00 \$ 1,481.39 \$ 0.00 \$ 0.00
WITNESS FEE ACCOUNT JURY FEES REFUND ACCOUNT (OVERPAY) COMMON PLEAS COURT COSTS (GJF) SERVICE FEES-OUTSIDE AGENCY		\$ 60.00 \$ 525.00 \$ 430.04 \$ 0.00 \$ 15.69
FINDLEY ST PARK - LEA ACCOUNT		\$ 0.00

Year-to-date Withdrawals

LORAIN COUNTY TREASURER COURT APPOINTED ATTORNEY FEES PRISONER HOUSING ACCOUNT LORAIN CO. SHERIFF- SECT. 4511 & 4513 LORAIN CO. SHERIFF - OTHER TRAFFIC LORAIN CO. SHERIFF - CHAPT 55		
COURT APPOINTED ATTORNEY FFFS	Ś	3,436.64
DDICONED HOUGING ACCOUNT		7,949.00
PRISONER HOUSING ACCOUNT		6,610.00
LORAIN CO. SHERIFF SECT. 4511 & 4515		
LORAIN CO. SHERIFF - OTHER TRAFFIC		3,209.50
		4,530.00
LORAIN CO. SHERIFF - CRIMINAL	Ş	3,936.37
LORAIN CO. SHERIFF-LAW ENFORCEMENT ACCT.		\$ 568.00
50% NEW RUSSIA TWP 4511 & 4513 TO LCSO	\$	3,792.50
50% NEW RUSSIA TWP MISC TRAFFIC TO LCSO		\$ 441.25
50% NEW RUSSIA TWP CRIMINAL FINES TO LCSO		\$ 0.00
LORAIN CO SHERIFF HANDICAPPED PARKING		\$ 0.00
10% STATE PATROL FINES - 4511 & 4513	\$	9,781.60
10% STATE PATROL FINES - OTHER TRAFFIC	\$	1,772.50
50% NEW RUSSIA TWP CRIMINAL FINES TO LCSO LORAIN CO SHERIFF HANDICAPPED PARKING 10% STATE PATROL FINES - 4511 & 4513 10% STATE PATROL FINES - OTHER TRAFFIC 10% STATE PATROL FINES - CRIMINAL 10% STATE PATROL FINES - CHAPT. 55		\$ 33.00
10% STATE PATROL FINES - CHAPT. 55		\$ 0.00
LORAIN CO. DOG WARDEN		\$ 80.00
EXPUNGEMENT - 40% TO COUNTY		\$ 480.00
AMHERST STATE CODES - 4511 & 4513	ς,	16,099.00
AMHERST STATE CODE - CRIMINAL		7,196.68
AMHERST STATE CODE - CRIMINAL AMHERST STATE CODE - OTHER TRAFFIC		15,827.95
		•
AMHERST STATE CODE - CHAPT. 55		\$ 0.00
OBERLIN STATE CODE - 4511 & 4513		2,674.56
OBERLIN STATE CODE - CRIMINAL		3,081.24
OBERLIN STATE CODE - OTHER TRAFFIC	\$	2,800.00
OBERLIN STATE CODE - CHAPT. 55		\$ 0.00
OHIO DEPARTMENT PUBLIC SAFETY CRIMINAL WELLINGTON TRAFFIC - 4511 & 4513		\$ 0.00
	\$	2,965.00
WELLINGTON STATE CODE - OTHER TRAFFIC	\$	3,325.00
WELLINGTON STATE CODE - CRIMINAL	\$	1,740.00
WELLINGTON STATE CODE - CHAPTER 55		\$ 0.00
SO. AMHERST TRAFFIC - 4511 & 4513	\$	2,415.00
SO. AMHERST STATE CODE - OTHER TRAFFIC		\$ 250.00
SO. AMHERST STATE CODE - CRIMINAL		\$ 400.00
SO. AMHERST STATE CODE - CHAPTER 55		\$ 0.00
KIPTON TRAFFIC FINES - 4511 & 4513		\$ 0.00
KIPTON STATE CODE - OTHER TRAFFIC		\$ 0.00
KIPTON STATE CODE - CRIMINAL		\$ 0.00
KIPTON STATE CODE - CHAPT. 55		\$ 0.00
JURY FEE REIMBURSEMENT		\$ 718.00
DEPT. OF LIOUOR - 50% OF FINES		\$ 500.00
PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION		\$ 0.00
		•
NORFOLK SOUTHERN CRIMINAL		\$ 0.00
LORAIN CO DRUG TASK FORCE CRIMINAL		\$ 0.00

\$ 106,612.79

\$ 663,908.69 GRAND TOTAL

	ington Ordinance Traffic Fines	W	ellington Ordinance Criminal Fines	Wellington Zoning
January	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
February	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
March	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
April	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
May	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
June	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 
July	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -
August	\$ <del></del>	\$	-	\$ <u></u>
September	\$ 459.15	\$	90.00	\$ -
October	\$ 795.00	\$	_	\$ •
November	\$ 380.00	\$	230.00	\$ -
December	\$ 350.00	\$		\$ -
TOTAL:	\$ 1,984.15	\$	320.00	\$ -

	ellington pped Parking	Wellington - Law Enforcement Acct.	Welli	ngton Ord. Housing for Offenders
January	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 35.00	\$	•
February	\$ 	\$ 25.00	\$	-
March	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
April	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
May	\$ 	\$ <b>-</b>	\$	_
June	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
July	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
August	\$ -	\$ 25.00	\$	
September	\$ -	\$ 85.00	\$	-
October	\$ -	\$ 35.00	\$	-
November	\$ _	\$ -	\$	_
December	\$ <u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	#4
TOTAL:	\$ -	\$ 205.00	\$	-

	Amherst Taxation Department Fines	Amherst Zoning Fines		Amherst Ordinance Traffic Fines
January	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
February	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
March	\$ _	\$ -	\$	-
April	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<b></b>
May	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
June	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
July	\$ -	\$ <u>.</u>	\$	_
August	\$ ***	\$ -	\$	-
September	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<del>-</del>
October	\$ ••	\$ _	\$	_
November	\$ -	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
December	\$ 	\$ -	\$_	-
TOTAL:	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-

	Amherst Ordinance Criminal Fines		Amherst Ordinance Handicapped Parking		Amherst Ordinance Law Enforcement Acct.	
January	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	-
February	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	125.00
March	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	173.00
April	\$	_	\$	-	\$	70.00
May	\$ -	_	\$	-	\$	130.00
June	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	-
July	\$	_	\$	-	\$	35.00
August	\$ -	<u>.</u>	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	100.00
September	\$ -	-	\$	_	\$	100.00
October	\$	_	\$	-	\$	145.00
November	\$	-	\$	_	\$	198.00
December	\$ 	-	\$		\$	130.00
TOTAL:	\$ -	-	\$	-	\$	1,206.00

	Amherst Ordinance Housing for Offenders		llage of South rst Taxation Fines		South Amherst Ordinance Traffic Fines	
January	\$	-	\$ , -	\$	-	
February	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-	
March	\$	-	\$ -	\$	90.00	
April	\$	-	\$ -	\$	540.00	
May	\$	-	\$ -	\$	, <del>-</del>	
June	\$	-	\$ -	\$	180.00	
July	\$	_	\$ _	\$	260.00	
August	\$	_	\$ -	\$	100.00	
September	\$	-	\$ <del></del>	\$	220.00	
October	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
November	\$	_	\$ -	\$	<u>.</u>	
December	\$	_	\$ _	_ \$	_	
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,390.00	

	South Amherst Ordinance Criminal Fines		outh Amherst apped Parking Fines	South Amherst Ordinance Law Enforcement Acct.	
January	\$	-	\$ 	\$	
February	\$	_	\$ -	\$	15.00
March	\$	_	\$ _	\$	20.00
April	\$	-	\$ -	\$	35.00
May	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_
June	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
July	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-
August	\$	_	\$ -	\$	•
September	\$		\$ -	\$	-
October	\$	_	\$ -	\$	-
November	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
December	\$	_	\$ _	\$	
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$ <b></b>	\$	70.00

		Kipton Ordinance Traffic Fines	LCS	Russia Twp's 50% of SO Fines - Criminal w Russia Twp Car)	LCSO	ıssia Twp's 50% of Fines -4511 & 4513 Russia Twp Car)
January	\$	~	\$	-	\$	15.00
February	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,045.00
March	\$	~	\$	<u></u>	\$	395.00
April	\$	53.79	\$	-	\$	225.00
May	\$	<del></del>	\$	-	\$	515.00
June	\$	-	\$	-	\$	450.00
July	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360.00
August	\$	60.00	\$	-	\$	180.00
September	\$	60.00	\$	-	\$	280.00
October	\$	120.00	\$	-	\$	70.00
November	\$	310.00	\$	-	\$	195.00
December	_\$_	_	\$		\$	62.50
TOTAL:	\$	603.79	\$	-	\$	3,792.50

	New Russia Township LCSO Fines - Other Traffic		N	ew Russia Township Ordinance Traffic	New Russia Township Ordinance Criminal		
-	_ `	Russia Twp Car)	_		•		
January	\$	17.50	\$	-	\$	-	
February	\$	247.50	\$	-	\$	80.00	
March	\$	45.00	\$	-	\$	-	
April	\$	3.75	\$	-	\$	_	
May	\$	12.50	\$	-	\$		
June	\$	40.00	\$	-			
July	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
August	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1	
September	\$	75.00	\$	-	\$	•••	
October	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
November	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>.</u>	
December	\$		_\$_		\$		
TOTAL:	\$	441.25	\$	-	\$	80.00	

	Wellington Cost Apportionment		South Amherst Cost Apportionment			Kipton Cost Apportionment	
January	\$	59.42	\$	-	\$	50.38	
February	\$	420.00	\$	-	\$	-	
March	\$	170.00	\$	<b>←</b>	\$	_	
April	\$	505.00	\$	-	\$	6.21	
May	\$	125.00	\$	-	\$	-	
June	\$	315.00	\$		\$	_	
July	\$	1,035.00	\$	-	\$	-	
August	\$	1,590.00	\$	-	\$	-	
September	\$	15.85	\$	<del></del>	\$	_	
October	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
November	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
December	_\$_			_	\$	•	
TOTAL:	\$	4,235.27	\$	-	\$	56.59	

	Amherst Cost Apportionment		Oberlin Ordinance Traffic Fines	Oberlin Ordinance Criminal Fines	
January	\$	759.71	\$ 139.10	\$ _	
February	\$	3,990.00	\$ 500.00	\$ 150.00	
March	\$	2,165.00	\$ 405.00	\$ 150.00	
April	\$	1,735.00	\$ 505.00	\$ <del>-</del> ·	
May	\$	1,765.00	\$ 230.00	\$ <del>-</del>	
June	\$	1,355.00	\$ 80.00	\$ -	
July	\$	1,425.00	\$ 200,00	\$ _	
August	\$	1,425.00	\$ 590.00	\$ 100.00	
September	\$	2,277.50	\$ 80.00	\$ -	
October	\$	1,345.00	\$ 80.00	\$ -	
November	\$	1,790.00	\$ 80.00	\$ _	
December	\$	460.00	\$ 160.00	\$ 25.00	
TOTAL:	\$	20,492.21	\$ 3,049.10	\$ 425.00	

	Oberlin Zoning Fines		Oberlin Handicapped Parking Fines			Immobilization Fee (From State)	
January	\$		-	\$	_	\$	_
February	\$		-	\$	<u></u>	\$	100.00
March	\$		_	\$	-	\$	100.00
April	\$		-	\$	-	\$	<del>-</del>
May	\$		-	\$	_	\$	100.00
June	\$		-	\$	-	\$	<del>-</del>
July	\$		-	\$	<u></u>	\$	100.00
August	\$		-	\$	•	\$	-
September	\$		_	\$	-	\$	100,00
October	\$		-	\$	-	\$	200.00
November	\$		-	\$	<u></u>	\$	
December	\$		-	_ \$	-		
TOTAL:	\$		-	\$	-	\$	700.00

	Court Costs Ordinance & State	Miscellaneous Court Costs	Court Security Costs
January	\$ 14,708.00	\$ 215.80	\$ 846.00
February	\$ 18,154.48	\$ 354.31	\$ 993.00
March	\$ 17,656.62	\$ 258.59	\$ 984.00
April	\$ 21,095.33	\$ 350.49	\$ 1,228.00
May	\$ 18,511.38	\$ 350.50	\$ 1,040.00
June	\$ 14,177.51	\$ 329.62	\$ 807.00
July	\$ 15,404.05	\$ 361.60	\$ 864.00
August	\$ 16,105.00	\$ 217.17	\$ 856.00
September	\$ 18,589.00	\$ 240.34	\$ 951.00
October	\$ 16,036.38	\$ 202,39	\$ 804.00
November	\$ 13,917.00	\$ 395.32	\$ 701.00
December	\$ 13,858.34	\$ 375.00	\$ 672.00
TOTAL:	\$ 198,213.09	\$ 3,651.13	\$ 10,746.00

	Bailiff Fees		Restitution Processing Fees	10% Bond Charge
January	\$ 50.50	\$	28.50	\$ ~
February	\$ 159.13	\$	-	\$ -
March	\$ 56.08	\$	26.34	\$ -
April	\$ 8.00	\$	25.40	\$ 50.00
May	\$ 107 <i>.</i> 51	\$	-	\$ -
June	\$ 30.10	\$	1.80	\$ -
July	\$ 112.64	\$	1.87	\$ -
August	\$ 48.22	\$	-	\$ -
September	\$ 20.59	\$	-	\$ -
October	\$ 28.55	\$	64.64	\$ -
November	\$ 151.04	\$	194.15	\$ -
December	\$ -	_\$_	169.15	\$ 50.00
TOTAL:	\$ 772.36	\$	511.85	\$ 100.00

	Convenience Fees			Court Supervision Fees (Probation)	/45% State Patrol to City - 4511 & 4513
January	\$	-	\$	1,805.00	\$ 3,673.20
February	\$	-	\$	3,851.00	\$ 3,514.80
March	\$	-	\$	3,058.00	\$ 3,574.00
April	\$	-	\$	2,905.00	\$ 4,164.00
May	\$	-	\$	4,081.62	\$ 3,382.00
June	\$	-	\$	1,448.00	\$ 2,504.00
July	\$	-	\$	2,423.00	\$ 2,848.00
August	\$	-	\$	2,484.79	\$ 2,456.00
September	\$	_	\$	4,411.00	\$ 3,194.35
October	\$	_	\$	2,829.66	\$ 3,886.00
November	\$	-	\$	2,800.00	\$ 2,588.00
December	\$ 	-	\$_	2,364.66	\$ 3,344.00
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	34,461.73	\$ 39,128.35

	40/45% State Patrol Fines Fines to City - Criminal		State Patrol Fines ity - Other Traffic	40/45% State Patrol Fines to City - Chapt 55		
January	\$	-	\$ 444.00	\$	-	
February	\$	-	\$ 618.00	\$		
March	\$	-	\$ 362.00	\$	-	
April	\$	-	\$ 1,030.00	\$	-	
May	\$	-	\$ 824.00	\$	-	
June	\$	<b>-</b>	\$ 584.00	\$	-	
July	\$	32.00	\$ 779.00	\$	-	
August	\$	_	\$ 324.00	\$	-	
September	\$	60.00	\$ 608.00	\$	-	
October	\$	40.00	\$ 402.00	\$	-	
November	\$	-	\$ 324.00	\$	-	
December	\$	_	\$ 798.00	\$	_	
TOTAL:	\$	132.00	\$ 7,097.00	\$	-	

	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Acct Fund 415		Court Improvement Costs - Fund 805			Clerk's Computer Fund - Fund 808		
January	\$	684.75	\$	1,105.00	\$	1,057.00		
February	\$	871.65	\$	1,255.00	\$	1,237.00		
March	\$	1,204.65	\$	1,285.00	\$	1,227.00		
April	\$	1,017.40	\$	1,578.00	\$	1,527.00		
May	\$	749.20	\$	1,335.00	\$	1,300.00		
June	\$	419.40	\$	1,010.00	\$	1,010.00		
July	\$	559.20	\$	1,117.86	\$	1,083.00		
August	\$	367.05	\$	715.00	\$	1,390.00		
September	\$	871.30	\$	370.00	\$	1,840.00		
October	\$	719.45	\$	220.00	\$	1,645.00		
November	\$	708.55	\$	220.00	\$	1,416.00		
December	\$	684.30	\$	172.00	\$	1,397.00		
TOTAL:	\$	8,856.90	\$	10,382.86	\$	16,129.00		

	Indigent Interlock Monitor Fund - Fund 422		Cou	irt Computer Costs Fund 806	Oberlin Law Enforcement Acct.	
January	\$	364.50	\$	422.00	\$	25.00
February	\$	625.00	\$	494.00	\$	-
March	\$	660.00	\$	490.00	\$	-
April	\$	332.50	\$	610.00	\$	95.00
May	\$	797.50	\$	520.00	\$	25.00
June	\$	150.00	\$	404.00	\$	-
July	\$	322.50	\$	434.00	\$	60.00
August	\$	222.50	\$	348.00	\$	-
September	\$	707.50	\$	308.00	\$	25.00
October	\$	667.62	\$	242.00	\$	25.00
November	\$	314.88	\$	212.00	\$	-
December	\$	602.50	\$	195.00	\$	25.00
TOTAL:	\$	5,767.00	\$	4,679.00	\$	280.00

	rlin Ordinance ng for Offenders	Lorain County Law Library	ain Co. Animal tive League Fines
January	\$ -	\$ 1,481.39	\$ -
February	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
March	\$ -	\$ -	\$ _
April	\$ -	\$ 	\$ <u></u>
May	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -
June	\$ -	\$ <u></u>	\$ _
July	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
August	\$	\$ -	\$ -
September	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
October	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
November	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ _	\$ -
December	\$ -	\$ ·-	\$ <u>-</u>
TOTAL:	\$ _	\$ 1,481.39	\$ -

		Dept. of Watercraft Fines		Dept. of Wildlife Fines	Findley State Park Criminal Fines	
January	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	
February	\$	<b></b>	\$	_	\$ _	
March	\$	-	\$	50.00	\$ 	
April	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 	
May	\$	-	\$	_	\$ <del>-</del>	
June	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 80.00	
July	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	<u>.</u>	\$ 00.00	
August	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
September	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 50,00	
October	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	_	\$ 50.00	
November	\$	<u>-</u>	Š	_	\$ 30.00	
December	\$		<u> </u>	-	\$ 95.00	
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	50.00	\$ 275.00	

	lley State Park ines - 4511 & 4513	Findley State Park Other Traffic Fines	dley State Park Inforcement Acct
January	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ <u>.</u>	\$ _
February	\$ 60.00	\$ -	\$ _
March	\$ 25.00	\$ -	\$ 
April	\$ <u>.</u>	\$ -	\$ _
Мау	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
June	\$ _	\$ <b>.</b>	\$ _
July	\$ 290.00	\$ -	\$ 
August	\$ _	\$ -	\$ _
September	\$ <del></del>	\$ -	\$ _
October	\$ -	\$ _	\$ _
November	\$ 80.00	\$ -	\$ 
December	\$ •	\$ _	\$ -
TOTAL:	\$ 455.00	\$ -	\$ _

	lley State Park capped Parking	Ohio Department of Health	Pharmacy Board Fines
January	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25.00
February	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
March	\$ -	\$ _	\$ -
<b>A</b> pril	\$ _	\$ <b>-</b>	\$ -
May	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 150.00
June	\$ -	\$ <b></b>	\$ 150.00
July	\$ =	\$ _	\$ -
August	\$ _	\$ _	\$ _
September	\$ _	\$ _	\$ -
October	\$ _	\$ <b></b>	\$ _
November	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 100.00
December	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 
TOTAL:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 425.00

		State Highway Patrol Post 90 - Drug Fines		State Highway Patrol Drug Fines	Sect# 169 - State Victim Crime Fund		
January	\$	25.00	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	1,805.00	
February	\$	_	\$	<del></del> -	\$	2,309.00	
March	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,169.00	
April	\$	-	\$	***	\$	2,592.00	
May	\$	-	\$	•	\$	2,187.00	
June	\$	150.00	\$	-	\$	1,715.00	
July	\$	-	\$	_	\$	1,926.00	
August	\$	-	\$	<u></u>	\$	1,764.00	
September	\$	_	\$	_	¢	2,106.00	
October	\$	_	Φ.	<del>-</del>	φ	1,890.00	
November	\$		Φ	<del>-</del>	φ	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
December	\$	_	Φ.	<del>-</del>	\$	1,413.00	
Doddinber	Ψ_	-	φ		Φ	1,484.00	
TOTAL:	\$	175.00	\$	-	\$	23,360.00	

		Ohio State Patrol Forfeiture Fund	Indig	ent Defense Support Fund - State	Enfor	ninal Justice Drug cement Fund - State RUG ENFORC FUND
January	\$	-	\$	5,675.50	\$	_
February	\$	-	\$	7,267.50	\$	_
March	\$	-	\$	7,214.50	\$	_
April	\$	_	\$	8,062.00	\$	_
May	\$	-	\$	7,643.00	\$	_
June	\$	-	\$	5,171.00	\$	_
July	\$	_	\$	6,045.00	\$	
August	\$	-	\$	5,322.50	\$	_
September	\$	-	\$	7,102.00	\$	_
October	\$	-	\$	6,431.50	\$	_
November	\$	-	\$	4,789.50	\$	_
December	_\$_		\$	5,350.00	\$	- -
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	76,074.00	\$	-

	Justice Program Service Fund - State SEE DRUG ENFORC FUND		Drug Enforcement Fund	45% State Patrol Fines to State 4511 & 4513		
January	\$	-	\$ 670.25	\$	4,132.35	
February	\$		\$ 826,35	\$	3,954.15	
March	\$		\$ 798.35	\$	4,020.75	
April	\$	-	\$ 968.10	\$	4,684.50	
May	\$	-	\$ 797.30	\$	3,804.75	
June	\$		\$ 628.60	\$	2,817.00	
July	\$	-	\$ 709.80	\$	3,204.00	
August	\$	_	\$ 611,45	\$	2,763.00	
September	\$	-	\$ 749.70	\$	•	
October	\$	_	\$ 687.05	\$	3,591.45	
November	\$	-	\$ 492.45	у \$	4,371.75	
December	\$		\$ 546.70	т.	2,911.50	
			 340.70	\$	3,762.00	
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$ 8,486.10	\$	44,017.20	

45% State Patrol Fines to State - Other Traffic		5% State Patrol Fines to State - Chapt. 55	45% State Patrol Fines to State - Criminal		
January	\$	499.50	\$ -	\$	-
February	\$	695.25	\$ -	\$	-
March	\$	407.25	\$ _	\$	_
April	\$	1,158.75	\$ 	\$	-
May	\$	927.00	\$ 	\$	-
June	\$	657.00	\$ -	\$	-
July	\$	861.50	\$ <u></u>	\$	36.00
August	\$	364.50	\$ -	\$	-
September	\$	684.00	\$ -	\$	67.50
October	\$	452.25	\$ 	\$	45.00
November	\$	364.50	\$ -	\$	_
December	\$	897.75	\$ 	\$	**
TOTAL:	\$	7,969.25	\$ -	\$	148.50

	State Trauma Fund		Child Restraint Fines	State Highway Safety Fund	
January	\$	514.65	\$ 175.00	\$ 2.50	
February	\$	516.60	\$ 150.00	\$ 5.00	
March	\$	492.00	\$ 25.00	\$ 10.00	
April	\$	649.25	\$ -	\$ 2.50	
May	\$	525.75	\$ _	\$ 7.50	
June	\$	386.00	\$ 75.00	\$ =	
July	\$	456.50	\$ 75.00	\$ 2.50	
August	\$	347.50	\$ -	\$ 2.50	
September	\$	480.60	\$ -	\$ 7.50	
October	\$	541.00	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 10.00	
November	\$	364.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 2.50	
December	_\$	517.75	\$ 150.00	\$ 2.50	
TOTAL:	\$	5,791.60	\$ 800.00	\$ 55.00	

		Seat Belt Fines		Expungement Costs 60% to State		Ohio Dept. Liquor Control - 50% to State
January	\$	210.00	\$	120.00	\$	
February	\$	235.00	\$	60.00	\$	-
March	\$	240.00	\$	-	\$	-
April	\$	300.00	\$	210.00	φ \$	-
May	\$	350,00	\$	60.00		<del></del>
June	\$	90.00	\$	60.00	\$	-
July	\$	110.00	\$	00.00	\$	-
August	\$	280.00	\$	30.00	\$	250.00
September	\$	270.00	\$	30.00	\$	250.00
October	\$	200.00	Ψ \$	-	\$	=
November	\$	330.00		90.00	\$	-
December	\$		\$	60.00	\$	-
December	Ψ	300.00	_\$	30.00	\$	-
TOTAL:	\$	2,915.00	\$	720.00	\$	500.00

Jury Fees		_	Witness Fees			Overpay Acct. Refunds		
January	\$	_	\$	_	\$			
February	\$		\$		\$	<del>-</del>		
March	\$	525,00	\$	-		-		
April	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-		
May	\$	_	\$	19.00	Þ			
June	\$			18.00	\$	21.48		
July		-	\$	18.00	\$	175.56		
-	\$	•	\$	6.00	\$	2.00		
August	\$	<del></del>	\$	-	\$	216.00		
September	\$	-	\$	18.00	\$	-		
October	\$	-	\$		\$	5.00		
November	\$	-	\$	-	\$	0.00		
December	\$		\$	_	\$	10.00		
TOTAL:	\$	525.00	\$	60.00	\$	430.04		

	nd Jury Fees on Pleas Costs)		Service Fees Outside Agencies		State Patrol - Law Enforcement Acct.
January	\$ _	\$		\$	100.00
February	\$ -	\$	_	\$	100.00
March	\$ _	\$	_	•	
April	\$ <del></del>	\$	- -	ψ	160.00
May	\$ 	\$	-	φ	50.00
June	\$ _	φ	-	\$	208.00
July	\$	ው ው	<del>-</del>	\$	75.00
August	<b>**</b>	\$	-	\$	85.00
_	\$ -	\$	-	\$	35.00
September	\$ -	\$	~	\$	50.00
October	\$ =	\$	15.69	\$	125.00
November	\$ -	\$	-	\$	25.00
December	\$ _	\$	-	\$	185.00
TOTAL:	\$ -	\$	15.69	\$	1,198.00

	Ohio Department of Agriculture Fines			ain Co. Metro Parks raffic 4511 & 4513	Lorain Co. Metro Parks Criminal Fines		
January	\$	-	\$	_	\$	100,00	
February	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	
March	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
April	\$	_	\$		\$	300.00	
May	\$	-	\$	_	\$	300.00	
June	\$	_	\$	=	\$	-	
July	\$	_	\$	_	Φ	-	
August	\$	_	\$	_	Φ	-	
September	\$	_	\$	30.00	\$	-	
October	\$	<u>_</u>	¢	70.00	т	-	
November	\$	_	φ		\$	-	
December	\$	-	ቀ ተ	30.00	\$	· · ·	
= 000.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			φ	120.00	\$		
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	250.00	\$	400.00	

	Lorain Co. Metro Parks Other Traffic Fines		orain Co. Adult ation - EMHA Fees	10% OSP Fines to County - 4511 & 4513	
January	\$		\$ _	\$	918.30
February	\$	-	\$ -	\$	878.70
March	\$	-	\$ -	\$	893.50
April	\$	_	\$ _	\$	1,041.00
May	\$	-	\$ -	\$	845.50
June	\$	<b>_</b>	\$ -	\$	626.00
July	\$	-	\$ 	\$	712.00
August	\$	150.00	\$ -	\$	614.00
September	\$	_	\$ _	\$	798.10
October	\$		\$ _	\$	971.50
November	\$	_	\$ 610.00	\$	647.00
December	\$		\$ -	\$	836,00
TOTAL:	\$	150.00	\$ 610.00	\$	9,781.60

	% OSP Fines to ity - Other Traffic	10% OSP Fines to County - Chapt 55	10% OSP Fines to County - Criminal
January	\$ 111.00	\$ -	\$ _
February	\$ 154.50	\$ _	\$ -
March	\$ 90.50	\$ -	\$ <del>-</del>
April	\$ 257.50	\$ _	\$ _
May	\$ 206.00	\$ _	\$ -
June	\$ 146.00	\$ _	\$ <u>.</u>
July	\$ 193.00	\$ <del>-</del>	\$ 8.00
August	\$ 81.00	\$ _	\$ -
September	\$ 152.00	\$ -	\$ 15.00
October	\$ 100.50	\$ -	\$ 10.00
November	\$ 81.00	\$ -	\$ -
December	\$ 199.50	\$ 	\$ •
TOTAL:	\$ 1,772.50	\$ -	\$ 33.00

	Lorain Co. Sheriff Fines - 4511 & 4513	 SO's 50% New Russia Car fines - 4511 & 4513	Oberlin State Code Fines - 4511 & 4513
January	\$ 750.00	\$ 15.00	\$ 230.00
February	\$ 1,240.00	\$ 1,045.00	\$ 445.00
March	\$ 540.00	\$ 395.00	\$ 150.00
April	\$ 100.00	\$ 225.00	\$ 475.00
May	\$ 460.00	\$ 515.00	\$ 175.00
June	\$ 410.00	\$ 450.00	\$ 175.00
July	\$ 440.00	\$ 360.00	\$ 300.00
August	\$ 320.00	\$ 180.00	\$ 24.56
September	\$ 460.00	\$ 280.00	\$ 170.00
October	\$ 1,050.00	\$ 70.00	\$ 200.00
November	\$ 450.00	\$ 195.00	\$ 80.00
December	\$ 390.00	\$ 62.50	\$ 250.00
TOTAL:	\$ 6,610.00	\$ 3,792.50	\$ 2,674.56

	Amherst State Code Fines - 4511 & 4513	S	o. Amherst State Code Fines - 4511 & 4513	Wellington State Code Fines - 4511 & 4513
January	\$ 370.00	\$	<del>-</del>	\$ 150.00
February	\$ 715.00	\$	100.00	\$ 400.00
March	\$ 760.00	\$	100.00	\$ 150.00
April	\$ 949.00	\$	900.00	\$ 40.00
Мау	\$ 2,615.00	\$	5.00	\$ _
June	\$ 860.00	\$	330.00	\$ 80.00
July	\$ 800,00	\$	230.00	\$ 210.00
August	\$ 1,980.00	\$	150.00	\$ 465.00
September	\$ 2,425.00	\$	250.00	\$ 1,010.00
October	\$ 1,075.00	\$	50.00	\$ 175.00
November	\$ 1,300.00	\$	250.00	\$ 105.00
December	\$ 2,250.00	\$	50.00	\$ 180.00
TOTAL:	\$ 16,099.00	\$	2,415.00	\$ 2,965.00

	Lorain Co. Sheriff Other Traffic Fines	SO's 50% New Russia Car fines - Other Traffic	State	Oberlin P.D. Code - Other Traffic
January	\$ 317.50	\$ 17.50	\$	185.00
February	\$ 640.00	\$ 247.50	\$	360.00
March	\$ 285.00	\$ 45.00	\$	775.00
April	\$ 380.00	\$ 3.75	\$	280,00
May	\$ 350.00	\$ 12.50	\$	160.00
June	\$ 355.00	\$ 40.00	\$	-
July	\$ 130.00	\$ -	\$	180.00
August	\$ 	\$ _	\$	100.00
September	\$ -	\$ 75.00	\$	80.00
October	\$ 135.00	\$ 70.00	\$	200.00
November	\$ -	\$ _	\$	40.00
December	\$ 617.00	\$ •	\$	540.00
TOTAL:	\$ 3,209.50	\$ 441.25	\$	2,800.00

	Amherst P.D. ode - Other Traffic	o. Amherst P.D. Code - Other Traffic	ellington P.D. ode - Other Traffic
January	\$ 1,467.50	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 200.00
February	\$ 1,604.27	\$ _	\$ 390.00
March	\$ 2,228.50	\$ -	\$ -
April	\$ 2,185.00	\$ 150.00	\$ 5.00
May	\$ 882.64	\$ -	\$ 145.00
June	\$ 1,192.00	\$ -	\$ 185.00
July	\$ 665.00	\$ 100.00	\$ 450.00
August	\$ 958.00	\$ 	\$ 730.00
September	\$ 1,770,00	\$ _	\$ 260.00
October	\$ 887.54	\$ _	\$ 310.00
November	\$ 952.50	\$ _	\$ 500.00
December	\$ 1,035.00	\$ -	\$ 150.00
TOTAL:	\$ 15,827.95	\$ 250.00	\$ 3,325.00

		n Co. Sheriff hapt. 55		Oberlin P.D. Chapt. 55	^	mherst P.D. Chapt. 55
January	\$	_	\$	<del>,,</del>	\$	<b></b>
February	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
March	\$	_		-	\$	_
April	\$	-	\$	-		<u></u>
May	\$	-	\$	<b></b>	\$ \$	_
June	\$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$		\$	_
July	\$	143.00	\$	-	\$ \$	-
August	\$	-	\$ \$ \$ \$	<u></u>	\$	-
September	\$	-	\$	<u></u>	\$ \$	-
October	\$	1,769.00	\$	-	\$	
November	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-
December	\$	2,618.00	\$		\$	-
TOTAL:	\$	4,530.00	\$	-	\$	-
		Co. Sheriff		Kipton State Code	We	ellington P.D.
		n Co. Sheriff apped Parking		Kipton State Code Fines - 4511 & 4513	We	ellington P.D. Chapt. 55
January	Handica \$		\$		\$	
February	Handica \$ \$		\$		\$\$ \$\$	
February March	Handica \$ \$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$ \$	
February March April	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May June	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July August	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		* * * * * * * *		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July August September	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		***		\$ \$ \$	
February March April May June July August September October	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		***		* * * * * * * * * * * *	
February March April May June July August September October November	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		***		* * * * * * * * * * * * *	
February March April May June July August September October	Handica \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		***		* * * * * * * * * * * *	

	ain Co. Sheriff ode Criminal Fines	State	Oberlin P.D. Code Criminal Fines	State (	Amherst P.D. Code Criminal Fines
January	\$ 480.00	\$	_	\$	95.00
February	\$ 622.00	\$	450.00	\$	60.00
March	\$ 145.00	\$	581.24	\$	950.00
April	\$ 1,130.00	\$	150.00	\$	1,215.00
May	\$ 420.00	\$	300.00	\$	350.00
June	\$ 235.00	\$	280.00	\$	430.00
July	\$ 290.00	\$	170.00	\$	180.00
August	\$ 12.21	\$	700.00	\$	1,780.00
September	\$ -	\$	100.00	\$	910.00
October	\$ 275.00	\$	100.00	\$	651.68
November	\$ 125.00	\$	75.00	\$	
December	\$ 202.16	\$	175.00	\$	300.00 275.00
TOTAL:	\$ 3,936.37	\$	3,081.24	\$	7,196.68

		o. Amherst ode Criminal Fines		's 50% New Russia Car CSO Criminal Fines		Wellington P.D. Code Criminal Fines
January	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	140.00
February	\$	_	\$	-	\$	350.00
March	\$	_	\$	_	\$	550.00
April	\$	50.00	\$	<u>_</u>	\$	100.00
May	\$	250.00	\$	_	Φ.	100.00
June	\$		\$	_	\$	150.00
July	\$	100.00	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	150.00
August	\$	-	\$	_		100.00
September	\$		Œ.	-	\$	500.00
October		~	φ	-	\$	100.00
	\$	•	\$	-	\$	200.00
November	\$	-	\$	-	\$	100.00
December	_\$	_	\$		\$	-
TOTAL:	\$	400.00	\$	-	\$	1,740.00

		ept. of Public Safety Priminal Fines		Lorain Co. Drug Task Force Criminal Fines		Norfolk/Southern Criminal Fines
January	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
February	\$	-	\$	••	\$	-
March	\$ \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
April		-	\$	_	\$	-
May	\$		\$	-	\$	-
June	\$	-	\$ \$	-	\$	-
July	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	_	\$	_
August	\$	-	\$		\$	-
September	\$	-	\$ \$	<del>-</del>	\$	-
October	\$	<del></del>	\$	<u></u>	\$	_
November	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
December	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
TOTAL:	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
		County Liquor 4301 & 4303		Dog Warden Fines	Lav	Lorain Co. Sheriff v Enforc. Acct 4511.19
January			\$			v Enforc. Acct 4511.19
February	\$ \$		\$ \$		\$	v Enforc. Acct 4511.19 25.00
	\$ \$ \$		\$ \$		\$ \$	25.00 110.00
February	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$	Fines - -	\$ \$ \$	v Enforc. Acct 4511.19 25.00
February March April May	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$		\$ \$ \$ \$	Fines - -	\$ \$	25.00 110.00
February March April May June	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	4301 & 4303 - - - - - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fines - -	\$ \$ \$ \$	25.00 110.00 25.00
February March April May June July	######################################		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fines - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00
February March April May June July August	***	4301 & 4303 - - - - - -	6 6 6 6 6 6	Fines - -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00 25.00
February March April May June July August September	***		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Fines - -	* * * * * * * * *	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00 25.00
February March April May June July August September October	***		\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	Fines - -	***	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00 25.00 25.00
February March April May June July August September October November	***		***	Fines - -	****	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00 25.00 25.00 - 50.00
February March April May June July August September October	***		\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$	Fines - -	***	25.00 110.00 25.00 - 50.00 25.00 25.00 25.00 - 50.00 50.00

	Priso	oner Housing Fund RC 4511.19		Expungement Costs 40% to County	Reimb	Jury Fee oursement to County	
January	\$	425.00	\$	80.00	\$	50.00	
February	\$	770.00	\$	40.00	\$	50.00	
March	\$	827.00	\$	70.00	\$	525.00	
April	\$	595.00	\$	140.00	\$	50.00	
May	\$	942.00	\$	40.00	\$	43.00	
June	\$	225.00	\$	40.00	\$	43.00	
July	\$	506.00	\$		\$	~	
August	\$	165.00	\$ \$ \$	20.00	\$	-	
September	\$	920.00	\$	20.00	\$	-	
October	\$	945.00	\$	60.00	\$	•	
November	\$	869.00	\$	40.00	\$	-	
December	\$	760.00	\$	20.00	\$	<b>-</b>	
TOTAL:	\$ Publi	7,949.00 c Defender (120.36)	\$	480.00 Lorain Co. Sheriff	\$	718.00 Camden Twp.	
		rt Appt. Atty Fees)	F	landicapped Parking	Zoning		
	,		•	andioapped I diking		Zoning	
January	\$	275.00	\$	-	\$	_	
February	\$	285.00	\$	_	\$		
March	\$	406.00	\$	-	\$	_	
April	\$	364.00	\$	_	\$	_	
May	\$	272,54	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	_	
June	\$	175.00	\$	_	\$	**	
July	\$	336.64	\$	_	\$		
August	\$	387.46	\$	-			
September	\$	225.00	\$	-	\$ \$	-	
October	\$	150.00	\$	-	\$	_	
November	\$	235.00	\$	_	\$	-	
December	\$	325.00	\$	-	\$	-	
TOTAL:	\$	3,436.64	\$	-	\$	_	

#### **MONTHLY TOTALS**

January	\$ 48,343.30
February	\$ 65,960.69
March	\$ 60,643.87
April	\$ 69,457.22
May	\$ 61,640.17
June	\$ 43,952.59
July	\$ 50,755.66
August	\$ 51,157.41
September	\$ 61,295.43
October	\$ 55,022.15
November	\$ 45,349.89
December	\$ 50,330.31
TOTAL:	\$ 663,908.69

#### COST OF OPERATION - 2020-2024

<u>Description</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023	2024
Full Time Salaries	\$456,158.17	465,266.68	423,702.95	393,243.85	399,928.72
Part Time Salaries	\$40,574.35	34,575.69	53,119.63	76,976.39	72,241.10
Overtime	2,646.08	3,172.76	1,173.39	2,602.80	2,501.09
Longevity	4,800.00	4,800.00	3,500.00	3,000.00	4,600.00
PERS	67,425.69	71,146.39	68,292.53	66,456.03	68,965.73
Medicare	6,911.36	6,941.44	6,578.61	6,519.29	6,618.86
Workers' Compensation	4,676.22	9,024.72	7,087.40	5,115.53	*
Health Insurance	121,013.14	128,875.59	118,511.86		126,493.93
Uniforms	161.97	0.00	0.00	240.00	
Training	0.00	25.00	375.00	375.00	
Travel	71.30	277.76	519.00	333.48	
Dues	1,385.00	1,287.50	1,035.00	1,550.00	
Telephone	1,929.00	2,636.23	2,994.55	2,284.26	1,297.26
Equipment Maintenance	801.00	801.00	0.00	0.00	
Leased Equipment	1,011.00	1,011.00	997.95	993.60	
Liability Insurance	3,159.16	3,403.59	3,971.30	3,405.90	3,133.54
Contractual Services	5,537.55	5,928.71	3,157.41	3,817.03	4,270.89
Advertising	0.00	0.00	242.00	0.00	0.00
Law Library Fees	3,834.62	3,920.56	4,521.66	5,040.11	5,440.10
Jury & Witness Fees	468.56	185.00	0.00	369.40	
Office Supplies	7,069.89	8,722.28	7,393.48	8,034.72	8,845.53
Traffic Tickets	916.00	1,225.00	0.00	0.00	
Postage	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	30,000.00
Miscellaneous	28.76	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Vehicle Maintenance Transfer	2,162.49	2,422.66	2,972.42	2,842.28	
Vacation Sick Leave	8,000.00	8,000.00	8,000.00	8,000.00	
Office Supplies Transfers	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
	760,741.31	783,649.56	738,146.14	734,535.02	750,280.73
* Will be paid in 2025 - According to	the City the timing on	payment has been cha	anged effective	with this payn	nent

# OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 TOTAL PAID TO CITY

JANUARY	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 22,779.61
	Civil	\$ 13,045.15
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
FEBRUARY	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 32,804.72
	Civil	\$ 12,862.99
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
MARCH	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 28,965.63
	Civil	\$ 16,162.85
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
APRIL	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 33,607.43
	Civil	\$ 18,366.55
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ ~
MAY	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 30,517.01
	Civil	\$ 17,613.10
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
JUNE	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 21,632.03
	Civil	\$ 12,328.50
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -

# OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 TOTAL PAID TO CITY

JULY	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 25,586.16
	Civil	\$ 14,516.11
	Trusteeship	\$ ~
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
AUGUST	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 26,196.18
	Civil	\$ 11,530.25
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
SEPTEMBER	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 30,547.63
	Civil	\$ 21,175.64
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
OCTOBER	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 25,918.62
	Civil	\$ 18,266.85
	Trusteeship	\$ ***
	Landlord Tenant	\$ -
NOVEMBER	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 22,940.51
	Civil	\$ 17,445.55
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ _
DECEMBER	Criminal/Traffic	\$ 22,276.15
	Civil	\$ 17,096.50
	Trusteeship	\$ -
	Landlord Tenant	\$ <del></del>

# OBERLIN MUNICIPAL COURT 2024 TOTAL PAID TO CITY

TOTALS - General Fund	Criminal/Traffic	\$	323,771.68
	Civil	\$	190,410.04
	Trusteeship	\$	_
	Landlord Tenant	\$	_
IUIALS - Other Funds	Court Improvement Fund - (Fund 805)		
Other Funds		_	
	Criminal/Traffic	\$	10,382.86
	Civil	\$	17,940.00
	Clerk's Computer Fund - (Fund 808)		
	Criminal/Traffic	\$	16,129.00
	Civil	\$	8,531.00
	Court Computer Fund - (Fund 806)		
	Criminal/Traffic	\$	4,679.00
	Civil	\$	469.00
	Indigent Drivers Alcohol Fund - (Fund 415) - Criminal/Traffic	\$	8,856.90
	Indigent Interlock Monitor Fund - (Fund 422) - Criminal/Traffic	\$	5,767.00
	Oberlin Law Enforcement Acct RC 4511.19A1a -Crim/Traffic	\$	280.00
	Oberlin Ord. Housing for Offenders RC 4511.19A1a - CR/TR	\$	-
	Miscellaneous:		
	Unclaimed Funds Paid to City RC 1901.31G		
	Criminal/Traffic Acct.	\$	222.85
	Unclaimed Funds Paid to City RC 1901.31G		
	Civil Acct.	\$	12,721.07
	Unclaimed Funds Paid to City RC 1901.31G		
	Bond Acct.	\$	550.00
	Unclaimed Funds Paid to City RC 1901.31G		
	Trusteeship Acct.	_\$_	nus
GRAND TOTAL	***************************************	\$	600,710.40

#### **SPECIAL FUNDS**

#### **Summary**

The court has five special funds that have been established. These funds are held by the City for the uses and purposes set forth by statute.

#### **Indigent Alcohol Fund**

The Indigent Alcohol Fund is a statutory fund. Subsection (N) of R.C. Section 4511.191 creates the juvenile, county and municipal Court's Indigent Drivers Alcohol Treatment Funds. Section 4511.19(L) provides that the court may order the use of these funds for payment of the cost of the attendance at an alcohol and drug addiction treatment program of a person who is convicted of an OVI offense and who is determined by the court to be unable to pay the cost of attendance at the treatment program.

As of December 31, 2024 the sum of \$19,891.17 was in the fund. Deposits for the year totaled \$14,248.99. Expenditures for the year totaled \$14,702.00.

#### Ignition Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Fund

Pursuant to RC 4511.19(G)(5)(e) and RC 1901.26 for offenses committed on or after September 30, 2008 the Court has established a Special Projects Fund called the Indigent Drivers Interlock and Alcohol Monitoring Fund. Fifty dollars of the fine imposed for certain repeat OVI offenders<sup>1</sup> are to be deposited into this fund and are used exclusively to cover the cost of immobilizing or disabling devices, including certified ignition interlock devices, and remote alcohol monitoring devices for indigent offenders who are required by a judge to use either of these devices. The fund balance as of December 31, 2024 was \$71,958.67. Deposits for the year totaled \$11,727.92 and expenditures totaled \$7,583.31.

### Court Computer Fund and Clerk of Court Computer Fund

These two funds were previously combined and called the Court Equipment Replacement Fund also referred to as the court's Computer Fund. The fund is used to update the court and clerk's computer systems, both hardware and software. Prior to August 1, 2002 the sum of \$2.00 per case was assessed as court costs to maintain this fund. During 2002 the court determined that substantial improvements were needed to the court's computer systems. As a result, the amount per case assessed as court costs was increased to \$10.00 per case as of August 1, 2002. Another adjustment was been made effective January 1, 2004. The court costs per case for this fund have been reduced to \$4.00 per case. The reduction in the costs was due in part to the amount of funds that have been accumulated and to allow for an adjustment in court costs for court security and for general costs for the operation of the court. A further reduction to \$2.00 per case was made in April 2005 for the same reasons.

As of January 1, 2008 the fund is divided into two separate funds: 1. Court Computerization Fund; and 2. Clerk Computerization Fund. This is a result of the Judge's reading of the section in the Ohio Revised Code that provides for these funds. As of January 1, 2008 the sum of \$5.00 per case was charged in each criminal and traffic case and each civil and small claims case filed for the Clerk Computerization Fund and the sum of \$2.00 per case was be charged for each criminal and traffic case for the Court Computerization Fund. Adjustments were made in 2017 to \$1.00 and \$1.00 to provide additional funds for operating expenses due to lower case filings and lower revenue. Effective August 1, 2024 the costs for the Clerk

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sections G(1)(a)(iii), G(1)(b)(iii), G(1)(c)(iii), G(1)(d)(iii), and G(1)(e)(iii) of RC 4511.19

Computer Fund were increased to \$9.00 per case and the Court's Computer Fund was lowered to \$1.00 per case. The costs to maintain the Clerk's files have increased including costs to maintain scanned files.

Court Computer Fund [806]: Activity for the fund for 2024 included deposits totaling \$5,222.00 and expenses totaling \$12,437.91. The balance in this fund as of December 31, 2024 is \$28,556.73.

Clerk Computer Fund [808]: Activity for the fund for 2024 included deposits totaling \$173,744.32 [This includes a grant in the sum of \$ \$149,925.32, \$121,490.00 to Civica the court's software provider for a system upgrade and \$28,435.00 to ES Consulting for purchase of a server.] and expenses of \$192,337.98 including \$121,490.00 to Civica the court's software provider for a system upgrade and \$28,435.00 to ES Consulting for purchase of a server. The balance in this fund as of December 31, 2024 is \$75,611.17.

#### Court Improvement Fund [805]

The Court Improvement Fund was created in 1992. At that time the sum of \$4.00 per case was assessed as court costs to maintain this fund. The amount was increased to \$10.00 per case in 1996. The amount per case was increased to \$14.00 per case in 1999 to fund the remodeling project. Effective August 1, 2002 the amount was adjusted downward to \$10.00 per case to allow an increase in the amount charged for the Court Equipment Replacement fund in anticipation of the costs to update the existing server and other computer related costs.

As of January 1, 2008 a cost of \$15.00 per criminal and traffic case and \$15.00 per civil and Small Claims has been charged for the following reasons:

Pursuant to RC 1901.26 the court has determined that for the efficient operation of the court, additional funds are necessary to acquire and pay for special projects of the court including, but not limited to, the acquisition of additional facilities or the rehabilitation of existing facilities, the acquisition or replacement of a bailiff's vehicle, the acquisition of fixtures and the acquisition of security devices, monitoring equipment for the probation department to enforce the orders of the court and other equipment.

As of September 1, 2016 the court costs for this fund were reduced to \$2.00 per criminal and traffic case. The court determined that there was a need to increase the general court costs due to the fact that an increase in the general costs had not been increased since 2010. Rather than increasing overall costs an adjustment was made.

The balance as of December 31, 2024 is \$1,017,185.30. Deposits for the year totaled \$29,475.86 and expenditures \$47,326.90.

#### COMPUTER GENERATED STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

The following is a list of number of cases filed for various cases of interest from the criminal and traffic division in 1991-2024.

THE IOHOWI	ng is a n	st of Hull	ibei oi c	ases incu	i ioi vai	ious cas	es of inter	est II on	i tile Ci li	iiiiiai aiiu	u aine	11 4 121011 1	11 1771- 4	2027.		
<u>Case</u> 1991	<u> 1992</u>	<u> 1993</u>	<u> 1994</u>	<u> 1995</u>	<u> 1996</u>	<u> 1997</u>	<u> 1998</u>	<u> 1999</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u> 2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>
ovi 350	394	361	404	<b>370</b>	402	247	278	320	296	268	279	<b>270</b>	317	292	311	329
Felony 301	271	165	164	200	198	187	157	143	137	166	<b>176</b>	<b>197</b>	255	249	239	206
<b>CR MM740</b>	<b>732</b>	602	611	926	924	<b>731</b>	<b>798</b>	948	927	1,024	1,031	1,107	1,398	1,364	1,112	1,148
Traffic 3,054	2,091	1,860	2,591	7,782	8,449	6,700	5,622	7,819	6,753	7,119	8,208	8,208	6,887	5,967	6,040	5,726
Case	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
OVI	<b>350</b>	314	297	285	247	185	185	193	202	167	175	161	158	152	112	136
Felony	207	204	202	198	<b>240</b>	<b>167</b>	173	218	185	122	97	<b>75</b>	<b>67</b>	60	<b>57</b>	119
CR MM	1,110	1,139	1,133	1,003	1036	833	<b>788</b>	1139	744	660	616	495	435	384	361	427
Traffic	5,528	5,108	4,949	4,941	5,494	5,850	5,711	6,415	4,620	4,752	5,420	6,755	4,064	4,091	3,134	3,125
Case	<u>2024</u>															
OVI	158															
Felony	<b>97</b>															
CR MM	391															
Traffic	2,485															

The following are total cases [criminal, traffic and civil] filed, reactivated, terminated and pending for 2000-2024.

<b>Year</b>	New cases filed/transferred	d Terminations	<b>Pending 12/31</b>	<u>Judge</u>
2000	8,730	8,872	2,022	Heberling
2001	9,351	9,453	1,920	"
2002	10,765	11,396	1,289	Januzzi
2003	11,124	11,212	1,206	"
2004	10,530	10,642	1,103	"
2005	9,541	9,758	888	"
2006	9,013	9,068	833	"
2007	9,193	9,024	918	"
2008	8,820	8,860	878	"
2009	8,521	8,510	889	"
2010	8,227	8,407	707	"
2011	8,005	8,033	679	"
2012	8,361	8,354	686	**
2013	8,355	8,424	617	"
2014	8,348	8,179	786	"
2015	10,031	9,176	855	"
2016	7,145	7,433	567	44
2017	7,211	7,038	740	"
2018	8,640	7,805	835	"
2019	9,174	9,192	817	"
2020	5,931	5,915	834	"
2021	7,010	6,438	573	44
2022	5,100	5,145	528	"
2023	5,356	5,214	670	"
2024	4,827	4,735	762	66





The following information was compiled from the Oberlin Municipal Court computer system. The information represents adult felony, misdemeanor, traffic and OVI charges filed in the Oberlin Municipal Court for the calendar years 2001-2024. The information does not contain cases filed in Juvenile Court or indictments issued by the Lorain County Grand Jury for incidents in the Oberlin Municipal Court Jurisdiction.

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